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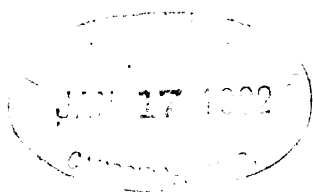
RECORD
OF THE
ORGANIZATIONS ENGAGED
IN THE
CAMPAIGN, SIEGE, AND DEFENSE
OF
VICKSBURG.

COMPILED FROM THE OFFICIAL RECORDS
BY
JOHN S. KOUNTZ,
SECRETARY AND HISTORIAN OF THE COMMISSION.

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PREFACE.

The Vicksburg campaign opened March 29, 1863, with General Grant's order for the advance of General Osterhaus' division from Millikens Bend, and closed July 4, 1863, with the surrender of Pemberton's army and the city of Vicksburg. Its course was determined by General Grant's plan of campaign. This plan contemplated the march of his active army from Millikens Bend, La., to a point on the river below Vicksburg, the running of the batteries at Vicksburg by a sufficient number of gunboats and transports, and the transfer of his army to the Mississippi side. These points were successfully accomplished and, May 1, the first battle of the campaign was fought near Port Gibson. Up to this time General Grant had contemplated the probability of uniting the army of General Banks with his. He then decided not to await the arrival of Banks, but to make the campaign with his own army. May 12, at Raymond, Logan's division of Grant's army, with Crocker's division in reserve, was engaged with Gregg's brigade of Pemberton's army. Gregg was largely outnumbered and, after a stout fight, fell back to Jackson. The same day the left of Grant's army, under McClelland, skirmished at Fourteen-mile Creek with the cavalry and mounted infantry of Pemberton's army, supported by Bowen's division and two brigades of Loring's division.

After the battle of Raymond, Sherman's and McPherson's corps of Grant's army moved toward Jackson. They reached that city May 14, and occupied it after a brief and spirited engagement with the small force there under Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, who reached that place the night of May 13. General Grant had now interposed his army between the armies of General Johnston and General Pemberton. He left Sherman's corps one day at Jackson to complete the destruction of the stores and as much as possible of the railroads there. McPherson's corps marched from Jackson, May 15, toward Vicksburg. May 16, McClelland's and McPherson's corps of Grant's army engaged three divisions of Pemberton's army at Champions Hill. Pemberton's forces were driven from the field in some confusion and with severe loss in killed, wounded, prisoners, and guns. Two divisions fell back toward Vicksburg. One division (Loring's) was cut off from the others and did not fall back to Vicksburg, but marched

to Crystal Springs and a little later united with Johnston's army at Jackson. May 17, a part of Pemberton's army attempted to hold the works on the east side of Big Black River, but was driven from its intrenchments, with considerable loss in prisoners and guns, by the Thirteenth Corps of Grant's army. May 18, Pemberton's army took position in the defensive works around Vicksburg, Stevenson's division on the right, Forney's in the center, and M. L. Smith's on the left. Bowen's division and Waul's Texas Legion were held in reserve, but later Green's (Dockery's) brigade¹ of Bowen's division was placed in the line of defense on the right of Smith and the left of Forney. Late in the afternoon of the same day Grant's army began taking position in the line of investment, Sherman's corps on the right, resting its right on the Mississippi River above the city, McPherson's corps in the center, and McClernand's corps on the left of McPherson.

May 24, Lauman's (Fourth) division, Sixteenth Army Corps, took position on the left of McClernand, and, June 15, the investment was completed by Herron's division, from the Department of the Missouri, taking position on the left of Lauman and resting its left on the Mississippi River below Vicksburg. May 19 and again May 22, assaults were made by Grant's army, but were repulsed with severe loss to the assailants. From May 23 to July 4 regular siege operations were carried on by Grant, and opposed by Pemberton. During this time Admiral Porter's fleet rendered valuable assistance, and Grant was also reinforced by three divisions of the Sixteenth Corps, two divisions of the Ninth Corps, and Herron's division. With the exception of Lauman's and Herron's divisions, which took position in the line of investment as above noted, all these reinforcements and a part of the army with which he began the campaign were employed by Grant against the army of General Johnston. This last-named army, with headquarters at Jackson, was assembled with the hope of raising the siege or assisting Pemberton to break through Grant's line. No considerable force of Johnston's army crossed the Big Black River during the siege and defense. At the surrender, July 4, it was close to and on the east side of that river. The following pages give the organizations, a brief record of the movements and engagements, and the casualties of the three armies during the campaign, siege, and defense.

¹ Brig. Gen. Martin E. Green was killed May 27.

ORGANIZATION OF THE UNION FORCES OPERATING
AGAINST VICKSBURG, MAJ. GEN. ULYSSES S. GRANT,
UNITED STATES ARMY, COMMANDING, MAY 18 TO
JULY 4, 1863.

ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE.

Maj. Gen. ULYSSES S. GRANT.

Escort: Fourth Illinois Cavalry, Company A, Capt. Embury D. Osband.
Engineers: First Battalion Engineer Regiment of the West, Maj. William Tweeddale.
Pioneers: Thirty-fifth Missouri Infantry, Company I, Lieut. C. Lochbihler.

This army, during the siege of Vicksburg, included that part of the organization of the Department of the Tennessee, Maj. Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, United States Army, commanding, then serving at or near Vicksburg, and some other commands temporarily attached.

NINTH ARMY CORPS.

Maj. Gen. JOHN G. PARKE.

Two divisions of this corps were ordered from the Department of the Ohio June 3. They arrived at Snyders Bluff on transports from Cairo, disembarked June 17, took position from Milldale to Templetons, and slightly fortified that line. June 29, by order of General Sherman, the corps moved to the east and took position in the new line extending from Haynes Bluff to the railroad crossing of Big Black River, resting its left at Neily's and its right at Brant's. One regiment (Thirty-sixth Massachusetts) was left at Templetons, and a detachment, probably a regiment, at Milldale. The corps fortified this position and remained in it until the surrender of Vicksburg.

First Division.—Brig. Gen. THOMAS WELSH.

First Brigade, Col. Henry Bowman: Thirty-sixth Massachusetts, Lieut. Col. John B. Norton; Seventeenth Michigan, Lieut. Col. Constant Luce; Twenty-seventh Michigan, Col. Dorus M. Fox; Forty-fifth Pennsylvania, Col. John I. Curtin.

Third Brigade, Col. Daniel Leasure: Second Michigan, Col. William Humphrey; Eighth Michigan, Col. Frank Graves; Twentieth Michigan, Lieut. Col. W. Huntington Smith; Seventy-ninth New York, Col. David Morrison; One hundredth Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Mathew M. Dawson.

Artillery: Pennsylvania Light, Battery D, Capt. George W. Durell.¹

¹ Transferred from Second Division June 25.

Second Division.—Brig. Gen. ROBERT B. POTTER.

First Brigade, Col. Simon G. Griffin: Sixth New Hampshire, Lieut. Col. Henry H. Pearson; Ninth New Hampshire, Col. Herbert B. Titus; Seventh Rhode Island, Col. Zenas R. Bliss.

Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Edward Ferrero: Thirty-fifth Massachusetts, Col. Sumner Carruth; Eleventh New Hampshire, Lieut. Col. Moses N. Collins; Fifty-first New York, Col. Charles W. Legendre; Fifty-first Pennsylvania, Col. John F. Hartranft.

Third Brigade, Col. Benjamin C. Christ: Twenty-ninth Massachusetts, Lieut. Col. Joseph H. Barnes; Forty-sixth New York, Col. Joseph Gerhardt; Fiftieth Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. Thomas S. Brenholtz.

Artillery: Second New York Light, Battery L, Capt. Jacob Roemer.

Artillery Reserve: Second United States, Battery E, Lieut. Samuel N. Benjamin.

THIRTEENTH ARMY CORPS.

Maj. Gen. JOHN A. McCLEARNAND.¹

Maj. Gen. EDWARD O. C. ORD.

Escort: Third Illinois Cavalry, Company L, Capt. David R. Sparks.

Pioneers: Kentucky Infantry (independent company), Capt. William F. Patterson.

The Thirteenth Army Corps opened the campaign by the advance of Osterhaus' (Ninth) division from Millikens Bend to Richmond March 31. April 28, the corps was concentrated at Perkins' plantation, on the Mississippi River, at the mouth of Brushy Bayou, where on that day it went on board transports, under orders to attack the enemy next day at Grand Gulf after his guns should be silenced by the fire of the gunboats. The attack of the gunboats having failed to realize this expected result, the corps disembarked at Hard Times Landing in the afternoon of April 29 and marched across the peninsula to De Shroon's, where it again went on board transports, dropped down the river the forenoon of April 30, and disembarked at Bruinsburg. Here it drew rations, and at 4 p. m., with Carr's (Fourteenth) division in advance, began the march toward Port Gibson. At Port Gibson, May 1, the entire corps was engaged. On the morning of May 2 the corps, with A. J. Smith's (Tenth) division in advance, entered Port Gibson, and May 3, crossed the South Fork of Bayou Pierre and marched via Willow Springs, Rocky Springs, Big Sandy, and Fivemile Creek to Fourteenmile Creek, where, May 12, it skirmished with the enemy. May 15 the corps was concentrated on the roads leading from Raymond to Edwards Station, Hovey's (Twelfth) division on the upper road, Osterhaus' (Ninth) division and Carr's (Fourteenth) division on the middle road, A. J. Smith's (Tenth) division on the lower road.

The battle of Champion's Hill, May 16, was opened by the advance of the corps along these roads. All the divisions were engaged, but the brunt of the fighting by the corps fell on Hovey's division. At

¹ Relieved June 19.

the close of the battle Hovey's division remained on the field and the other divisions marched to Edwards Station. These divisions were engaged, May 17, in the battle of Big Black River Bridge. May 18 the corps (except Hovey's division) crossed the river and marched via Vicksburg and Jackson road to Mount Albans, and thence on the Baldwins Ferry road to within four miles of Vicksburg, where it rested for the night. During the 19th the corps advanced, skirmishing, to within some 500 yards of the enemy's intrenchments. May 22 it joined in the general assault, and later participated in the operations of the siege—A. J. Smith's division on the right, Carr's division on the right-center, one brigade of Osterhaus' division on the left-center, and Hovey's division on the left of the corps line of investment. The corps held the left center of the army, its right connecting with McPherson's left and its left with the right of Lauman's division, Sixteenth Army Corps.

Ninth Division.—Brig. Gen. PETER J. OSTERHAUS.¹

First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Albert L. Lee, Col. James Keigwin;² One hundred and eighteenth Illinois, Col. John G. Fonda; Forty-ninth Indiana, Maj. Arthur J. Hawhe, Lieut. Col. Joseph H. Thornton; Sixty-ninth Indiana, Col. Thomas W. Bennett, Lieut. Col. Oran Perry; Seventh Kentucky, Lieut. Col. John Lucas, Col. Reuben May; One hundred and twentieth Ohio, Col. Marcus M. Spiegel.

Second Brigade, Col. Daniel W. Lindsey: Fifty-fourth Indiana, Col. Fielding Mansfield; Twenty-second Kentucky, Lieut. Col. George W. Monroe; Sixteenth Ohio, Capt. Eli W. Botsford, Maj. Milton Mills; Forty-second Ohio, Lieut. Col. Don A. Pardee, Col. Lionel A. Sheldon; One hundred and fourteenth Ohio, Col. John Cradlebaugh, Lieut. Col. John H. Kelly.

Cavalry: Second Illinois (five companies), Lieut. Col. Daniel B. Bush, jr.; Third Illinois (three companies), Capt. John L. Campbell; Sixth Missouri (seven companies), Col. Clark Wright.

Artillery, Capt. Jacob T. Foster: Michigan Light, Seventh Battery, Capt. Charles H. Lanphere; Wisconsin Light, First Battery, Lieut. Oscar F. Nutting.

This division reached New Carthage April 6, from Millikens Bend, and on the 15th its advance skirmished near Dunbar's. At Port Gibson, May 1, it opened the battle on the left, but was unable to make much progress. Late in the afternoon, being reinforced by a part of Logan's division, the force on the left advanced and drove the enemy from the field. The division was slightly engaged at Champion's Hill, May 16, and also at Big Black River Bridge, May 17, where it was in support of Carr's division. During the operations of May 19 the division was the extreme left of the army, and on the 22d it advanced to the assault on the left of Carr's division and against the enemy's intrenchments south of the railroad redoubt, but failed to reach his line at any point. May 24, General Osterhaus was ordered

¹ Wounded at Big Black River Bridge May 17.

² Assumed command May 19.

to the railroad crossing at Big Black River and took Keigwin's (First) brigade with him, where it remained to the end of the siege. Lindsey's (Second) brigade, under temporary command of General Hovey, held a position in the investment line south of the railroad and between the divisions of Carr and Hovey, and took part in the siege operations.

CASUALTIES.

Port Gibson, May 1, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Enlisted men captured or missing.	Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.		
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Theophilus T. Garrard:						
One hundred and eighteenth Illinois.....		1	1	15		17
Forty-ninth Indiana.....		1	3	12	1	17
Sixty-ninth Indiana.....		14	4	41		59
Seventh Kentucky.....				8		8
One hundred and twentieth Ohio.....		2		18	2	22
Total First Brigade.....		18	8	94	3	123
Second Brigade, Col. Lionel A. Sheldon:						
Fifty-fourth Indiana ¹				2		3
Twenty-second Kentucky.....			1	8		9
Sixteenth Ohio.....		1		39		59
Forty-second Ohio.....	1	11	8	8		10
One hundred and fourteenth Ohio.....		2				
Total Second Brigade.....	1	14	9	57		81
Artillery:						
Michigan Light Artillery, Seventh Battery.....		3		3		6
Wisconsin Light Artillery, First Battery.....				4		4
Total artillery.....		3		7		10
Cavalry:						
Third Illinois, Companies A, E, and K ¹						
Total Ninth Division.....	1	35	17	158	3	214

¹ No loss reported.

Officer killed: Capt. William W. Olds, Forty-second Ohio Infantry.

Champions Hill, May 16, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Theophilus T. Garrard:							
One hundred and eighteenth Illinois.....	2			3			5
Forty-ninth Indiana.....		6		13		1	20
Sixty-ninth Indiana.....			2	11	1	6	20
Seventh Kentucky.....	1	2		15		5	23
Total First Brigade.....	3	8	2	42	1	12	68
Second Brigade, Col. Daniel W. Lindsey:							
Twenty-second Kentucky.....			1	14			15
Sixteenth Ohio.....		1	1	3			5
Forty-second Ohio.....		5		22		13	40
One hundred and fourteenth Ohio.....				1			1
Total Second Brigade.....		6	2	40		13	61

Champions Hill, May 16, 1863—Continued.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Artillery:							
Michigan Light, Seventh Battery ¹							
Wisconsin Light, First Battery ¹							
Cavalry:							
Third Illinois, Companies A, E, and K.....			1				1
Total Ninth Division.....	3	14	5	82	1	25	130

Officers killed: Capt. Alexander W. Geddes, One hundred and eighteenth Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Thomas B. White, One hundred and eighteenth Illinois Infantry; Capt. Thomas Wilson, Seventh Kentucky Infantry.

Big Black River Bridge, May 17, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Division staff.....			1				1
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Theophilus T. Garrard:							
One hundred and eighteenth Illinois ¹							
Forty-ninth Indiana.....			1				1
Sixty-ninth Indiana ¹							
Seventh Kentucky ¹							
Total First Brigade.....			1				1
Second Brigade, Col. Daniel W. Lindsey:							
Twenty-second Kentucky.....		2		4			6
Sixteenth Ohio.....		3	3	3			9
Forty-second Ohio.....		2	1	2		1	6
One hundred and fourteenth Ohio.....	1	2		1			4
Total Second Brigade.....	1	9	4	10		1	25
Artillery:							
Michigan Light, Seventh Battery ¹							
Wisconsin Light, First Battery.....			1	3			4
Cavalry:							
Third Illinois, Companies A, E, and K ¹							
Total Ninth Division.....	1	9	7	13		1	31

¹No loss reported.

Officer killed: Lieut. Reuben Kennedy, One hundred and fourteenth Ohio Infantry.

Vicksburg, May 19, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
One hundred and eighteenth Illinois.....				8			8
Forty-ninth Indiana.....		1	1	9			11
Sixty-ninth Indiana.....				4			4
Seventh Kentucky.....				3			3
Twenty-second Kentucky.....				2			2
Sixteenth Ohio.....		1		9			10
Forty-second Ohio.....			2	11			13
One hundred and fourteenth Ohio.....			1	9			10
One hundred and twentieth Ohio.....				3			3
Total Ninth Division.....		2	4	58			64

Vicksburg, May 22, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
First Brigade, Col. James Keigwin:							
One hundred and eighteenth Illinois.....		2		3			5
Forty-ninth Indiana.....		2	2	11			15
Sixty-ninth Indiana.....		2	2	8			12
Seventh Kentucky.....		9	3	57			69
One hundred and twentieth Ohio.....				1			1
Total First Brigade.....		15	7	80			102
Second Brigade, Col. Daniel W. Lindsey:							
Twenty-second Kentucky.....		3		14			17
Sixteenth Ohio.....		4		5			9
Forty-second Ohio.....		1	3	18		1	23
One hundred and fourteenth Ohio.....		6	1	22			29
Total Second Brigade.....		14	4	59		1	78
Total Ninth Division.....		29	11	139		1	180

Officers died of wounds: Maj. John H. Finley, Sixty-ninth Indiana Infantry; Lieut. Henry Stratton, Sixty-ninth Indiana Infantry; Lieut. Willis C. Ferguson, One hundred and fourteenth Ohio Infantry; Lieut. Thomas Buchanan, Seventh Kentucky Infantry.

Tenth Division.—Brig. Gen. ANDREW J. SMITH.

Escort: Fourth Indiana Cavalry, Company C, Capt. Andrew P. Gallagher.

First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Stephen G. Burbridge: Sixteenth Indiana, Col. Thomas J. Lucas, Maj. James H. Redfield; Sixtieth Indiana, Col. Richard Owen; Sixty-seventh Indiana, Lieut. Col. Theodore E. Buehler; Eighty-third Ohio, Col. Frederick W. Moore; Ninety-sixth Ohio, Col. Joseph W. Vance; Twenty-third Wisconsin, Col. Joshua J. Guppey, Lieut. Col. William F. Vilas.

Second Brigade, Col. William J. Landram: Seventy-seventh Illinois, Col. David P. Grier; Ninety-seventh Illinois, Col. Friend S. Rutherford, Lieut. Col. Lewis D. Martin; One hundred and thirtieth Illinois, Col. Nathaniel Niles; Nineteenth Kentucky,

Lieut. Col. John Cowan, Maj. Josiah J. Mann; Forty-eighth Ohio, Lieut. Col. Job R. Parker, Col. Peter J. Sullivan.

Artillery: Illinois Light, Chicago Mercantile Battery, Capt. Patrick H. White; Ohio Light, Seventeenth Battery, Capt. Ambrose A. Blount, Capt. Charles S. Rice.

This division moved from Millikens Bend April 14, and reached Perkins' plantation on the 26th. It crossed the Mississippi River to Bruinsburg late on the 30th, and reached the battlefield near Port Gibson about 7 a. m. May 1, where Landram's (Second) brigade joined Hovey's (Twelfth) division in an attack, and was later relieved by Burbridge's (First) brigade. At daybreak, May 16, it was marching on the Raymond road toward Champions Hill, with two brigades of Blair's division, Fifteenth Army Corps, in support. After slight skirmishing in the early part of the day, the division in the afternoon joined in the pursuit of the enemy. May 17, at Big Black River Bridge, the division formed in line of battle on the left of Osterhaus, charged across the field, and captured the colors of the Sixtieth Tennessee Regiment and a number of prisoners. Burbridge's brigade reached the vicinity of Vicksburg about sunset May 18, and Landram's brigade the following morning, both taking part in the operations of the corps during that day. In the assault, May 22, Burbridge's brigade attacked the lunette on the Baldwins Ferry road, supporting Benton's brigade of Carr's (Fourteenth) division; Landram's brigade attacked the railroad redoubt, supporting Lawler's brigade of Carr's division. Its advance reached the ditch, and the colors of the Seventy-seventh Illinois were planted on the parapet of the redoubt. The position was held, under a heavy fire, until about sunset. During the siege the division held the right of the corps in the investment line (Landram's brigade on the right and Burbridge's brigade on the left), and made an approach to the lunette on the Baldwins Ferry road. The enemy used mines against the approach and burned both sap rollers, but the approach was pushed to within ten feet of the enemy's ditch and a mine started, which was not completed at the surrender.

CASUALTIES.

Port Gibson, May 1, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Enlisted men captured or missing.	Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.		
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Stephen G. Burbridge:						
Sixteenth Indiana.....				2		2
Sixtieth Indiana ¹				2		2
Sixty-seventh Indiana.....				3		3
Eighty-third Ohio.....				1		1
Ninety-sixth Ohio ¹						
Twenty-third Wisconsin.....						
Total First Brigade.....				8		8

¹ Detached.

Port Gibson, May 1, 1863—Continued.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Enlisted men captured or missing.	Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.		
Second Brigade, Col. William J. Landram:						
Seventy-seventh Illinois ¹						
Ninety-seventh Illinois.....				6	2	8
One hundred and eighth Illinois.....				1	5	6
One hundred and thirtieth Illinois.....			1		1	2
Nineteenth Kentucky.....		2	1	12		15
Forty-eighth Ohio ¹						
Total Second Brigade.....		2	2	19	8	31
Artillery:						
Illinois Light Artillery, Chicago Mercantile Battery ¹						
Ohio Light Artillery, Seventeenth Battery ¹						
Cavalry:						
Fourth Indiana Cavalry, Company C ¹						
Total Tenth Division.....		2	2	27	8	39

Champions Hill, May 16, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Stephen G. Burbridge:							
Sixteenth Indiana.....				4			4
Sixty-seventh Indiana.....				6			6
Eighty-third Ohio.....				3			3
Twenty-third Wisconsin.....				3			3
Total First Brigade.....				16			16
Second Brigade, Col. William J. Landram:							
Seventy-seventh Illinois.....				1			1
Ninety-seventh Illinois.....				5			5
One hundred and eighth Illinois ¹							
One hundred and thirtieth Illinois ¹							
Nineteenth Kentucky ¹							
Forty-eighth Ohio ¹							
Total Second Brigade.....				6			6
Artillery:							
Illinois Light, Chicago Mercantile Battery.....					3		3
Ohio Light, Seventeenth Battery ¹							
Cavalry:							
Fourth Indiana Cavalry, Company C ¹							
Total Tenth Division.....				25			25

¹ No loss reported.

Big-Black River Bridge, May 17, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Stephen G. Burbridge:							
Sixteenth Indiana ¹							
Sixty-seventh Indiana ¹							
Eighty-third Ohio ¹							
Twenty-third Wisconsin				1		1	2
Total First Brigade				1		1	2
Total Tenth Division				1		1	2

¹ No loss reported.*Vicksburg, May 19, 1863.*

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Ninety-seventh Illinois		1		8			9
One hundred and thirtieth Illinois		2		7			9
Sixteenth Indiana		1		4			5
Sixty-seventh Indiana				4			4
Eighty-third Ohio		1		7			8
Total Tenth Division		5		30			35
Total Thirteenth Army Corps		7	5	88			100

Vicksburg, May 22, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Stephen G. Burbridge:							
Sixteenth Indiana		2	2	10			14
Sixty-seventh Indiana		6		23			29
Eighty-third Ohio		4	1	18			23
Twenty-third Wisconsin		2	3	25		2	32
Total First Brigade		14	6	76		2	98
Second Brigade, Col. William J. Landram:							
Seventy-seventh Illinois		19	4	81		26	130
Ninety-seventh Illinois			3	9		2	14
One hundred and thirtieth Illinois	1	9	2	29			41
Nineteenth Kentucky	1	4	4	53		2	64
Forty-eighth Ohio		10	5	20			35
Total Second Brigade	2	42	18	192		30	284
Artillery: Ohio Light, Seventeenth Battery				3			3
Total Tenth Division	2	56	24	271		32	385

Officers killed: Capt. William M. Colby, One hundred and thirtieth Illinois Infantry; Maj. Morgan V. Evans, Nineteenth Kentucky Infantry.

Officer died of wounds: Maj. Virgil H. Moats, Forty-eighth Ohio Infantry.

Twelfth Division.—Brig. Gen. ALVIN P. HOVEY.

Escort: First Indiana Cavalry, Company C, Lieut. James L. Carey.

First Brigade, Brig. Gen. George F. McGinnis: Eleventh Indiana, Lieut. Col. William W. Darnall; Twenty-fourth Indiana, Col. William T. Spicely; Thirty-fourth Indiana, Col. Robert A. Cameron, Maj. Robert B. Jones, Col. Robert A. Cameron; Forty-sixth Indiana, Col. Thomas H. Bringham; Twenty-ninth Wisconsin, Col. Charles R. Gill, Lieut. Col. William A. Green.

Second Brigade, Col. James R. Slack: Eighty-seventh Illinois, Col. John E. Whiting; Forty-seventh Indiana, Lieut. Col. John A. McLaughlin; Twenty-fourth Iowa, Col. Eber C. Byam, Lieut. Col. John Q. Wilds; Twenty-eighth Iowa, Col. John Connell; Fifty-sixth Ohio, Col. William H. Raynor.

Artillery: First Missouri Light, Battery A, Capt. George W. Schofield; Ohio Light, Second Battery, Lieut. Augustus Beach; Ohio Light, Sixteenth Battery, Lieut. Russell P. Twist.

This division left Millikens Bend April 16, and on the 18th made reconnoissance in the direction of the Mississippi River near the mouth of Gilberts Bayou in search of a practicable route. With the assistance of the pioneer corps the division in four days constructed four bridges and opened 2 miles of road through the forest, thus making a new route to the Mississippi below Vicksburg. Crossing the river to Bruinsburg soon after noon of April 30, the division marched throughout the night, reaching the battlefield near Port Gibson early on the morning of May 1. McGinnis' (First) brigade took a position near the enemy's line, at right angles with the road, Slack's (Second) brigade in the rear. Moving forward about 7 a. m. in connection with Benton's brigade of Carr's, the division made an assault, carried the ridge, and captured 2 pieces of artillery, a stand of colors, and between 200 and 300 prisoners. Later in the day the advance was renewed and the enemy driven from the field. May 13 the division covered the flank and rear of the Thirteenth Army Corps, camping that night at Dillons Crossroads and the night of the 15th near Bolton Station. May 16 the division moved on the Clinton road, arrived near Champion's Hill about 10 o'clock a. m., and encountered the enemy, strongly posted. McGinnis' brigade formed line of battle on the right and Slack's brigade on the left. At 11 o'clock McGinnis advanced up the hill, broke the line of Cumming's brigade, captured 6 guns, and followed the broken and retreating enemy about 600 yards. Slack then advanced on the left, broke the enemy's line, and captured 5 guns. Just at this time Bowen's division came on the field, formed line of battle under fire, and with the help of fragments of regiments from the brigades of Lee and Cumming, drove the division back almost to the guns captured by McGinnis, recapturing those taken by Slack. Here a determined stand was made. The division was reinforced, first by Boomer's, and a little later by Holmes', brigade of Quinby's division, Seventeenth Army Corps, and again advanced. Several batteries of artillery, posted in a favorable position by order of General Hovey, assisted in the final rout of

the enemy, who was in full retreat at 4 o'clock p. m. The division remained on the battlefield to assist in caring for the dead, wounded, and prisoners. May 19 it reached Big Black River Bridge. On the 22d McGinnis' brigade moved to the Vicksburg lines, where it was joined by Slack's brigade May 24. During the siege the division held the left of the corps line of investment—Slack on the right, McGinnis on the left—and made an approach to the Square Fort. This approach was not begun until late in the siege, but was pushed forward vigorously and was within 35 feet of the enemy's ditch at the surrender. General Hovey reports a loss in the division during the siege, and not covered by the casualty tables, of 19 killed and 76 wounded.

CASUALTIES.

Port Gibson, May 1, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Enlisted men captured or missing.	Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.		
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. George F. McGinnis:						
Eleventh Indiana.....		1		23	1	25
Twenty-fourth Indiana.....		5		18		23
Thirty-fourth Indiana.....		6	3	42		51
Forty-sixth Indiana.....		8	1	35		44
Twenty-ninth Wisconsin.....		10	3	62		75
Ohio Light Artillery, Second Battery.....				3		3
Ohio Light Artillery, Sixteenth Battery ¹						
Total First Brigade.....		30	7	183	1	221
Second Brigade, Col. James R. Slack:						
Forty-seventh Indiana.....		5		20	1	26
Twenty-fourth Iowa.....		1		5		6
Twenty-eighth Iowa.....		3		14	3	20
Fifty-sixth Ohio.....		6		23	7	36
Second Illinois Light Artillery, Battery A.....		1				1
First Missouri Light Artillery, Battery A ¹						
Total Second Brigade.....		16		62	11	89
Total Twelfth Division.....		46	7	245	12	310

Champions Hill, May 16, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Escort:							
First Indiana Cavalry, Company C. ¹							
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. George F. McGinnis:							
Eleventh Indiana.....		28	6	120		13	167
Twenty-fourth Indiana.....	1	26	11	155		8	201
Thirty-fourth Indiana.....		8	2	59			69
Forty-sixth Indiana.....	1	19	3	58		3	84
Twenty-ninth Wisconsin.....		19	6	86		2	113
Ohio Light, Second Battery ¹							
Ohio Light, Sixteenth Battery.....	1			1			2
Total First Brigade.....	3	100	28	479		26	636

¹ No loss reported.

Champions Hill, May 16, 1863—Continued.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Second Brigade, Col. James R. Slack:							
Forty-seventh Indiana	1	31	4	87	-----	17	140
Twenty-fourth Iowa	3	32	4	116	-----	34	189
Twenty-eighth Iowa	2	19	1	61	1	13	97
Fifty-sixth Ohio	2	18	4	86	1	27	138
First Missouri Light Artillery, Battery A	-----	-----	-----	2	-----	-----	2
Total Second Brigade	8	100	13	352	2	91	566
Total Twelfth Division	11	200	41	831	2	117	1,202

Officers killed: Capt. Felix G. Wellman, Twenty-fourth Indiana Infantry; Lieut. Joel Ferris, Forty-sixth Indiana Infantry; Lieut. James F. Perry, Forty-seventh Indiana Infantry; Capt. Silas D. Johnson, Twenty-fourth Iowa Infantry; Capt. William Carbee, Twenty-fourth Iowa Infantry; Lieut. Chauncey Lawrence, Twenty-fourth Iowa Infantry; Lieut. Benjamin F. Kirby, Twenty-eighth Iowa Infantry; Lieut. John J. Legan, Twenty-eighth Iowa Infantry; Capt. James A. Mitchell, Sixteenth Ohio Battery; Lieut. Augustus S. Chute, Fifty-sixth Ohio Infantry; Lieut. George W. Manning, Fifty-sixth Ohio Infantry.

Officers died of wounds: Lieut. James H. Baldwin, Twenty-fourth Indiana Infantry; Lieut. Jesse L. Cain, Twenty-fourth Indiana Infantry; Asst. Surg. T. W. C. Williamson, Twenty-fourth Indiana Infantry; Lieut. Col. William Swain, Thirty-fourth Indiana Infantry; Lieut. William A. Andrew, Forty-sixth Indiana Infantry; Lieut. George W. Cole, Forty-seventh Indiana Infantry; Lieut. John Buchanan, Twenty-eighth Iowa Infantry; Capt. John Cook, Fifty-sixth Ohio Infantry.

Fourteenth Division.—Brig. Gen. EUGENE A. CARR.

Escort: Third Illinois Cavalry, Company G, Capt. Enos McPhail, Capt. Samuel S. Marrett.

First Brigade, Brig. Gen. William P. Benton, Col. Henry D. Washburn,¹ Col. David Shunk²: Thirty-third Illinois, Col. Charles E. Lippincott; Ninety-ninth Illinois, Col. George W. K. Bailey, Lieut. Col. Lemuel Parke; Eighth Indiana, Col. David Shunk, Maj. Thomas J. Brady; Eighteenth Indiana, Col. Henry D. Washburn, Capt. Jonathan H. Williams; First United States (siege guns), Maj. Maurice Maloney.

Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Michael K. Lawler: Twenty-first Iowa, Lieut. Col. Cornelius W. Dunlap, Maj. Salue G. Van Anda; Twenty-second Iowa, Col. William M. Stone, Lieut. Col. Harvey Graham, Maj. Joseph B. Atherton, Capt. Charles N. Lee; Twenty-third Iowa, Col. Samuel L. Glasgow; Eleventh Wisconsin, Col. Charles L. Harris, Maj. Arthur Platt.

Artillery: Second Illinois Light, Battery A, Lieut. Frank B. Fenton, Capt. Peter Davidson; Indiana Light, First Battery, Capt. Martin Klaus.

Leaving Millikens Bend April 12, this division arrived at Perkins' plantation April 22, and crossed the river to Bruinsburg April 30. May 1, Stone's (Second) brigade came upon the enemy near Magnolia Church at 1 o'clock a. m. and the division formed line of battle. At 6.30 a. m. it advanced in line, Benton's (First) brigade on the right and Stone's brigade on the left. The right was joined by a portion of Hovey's division and made an attack that broke the line of the enemy and captured 2 guns and 200 or 300 prisoners. At the battle of Champions Hill, May 16, the division was but slightly engaged. At Big Black River Bridge, May 17, Benton's brigade formed across

¹ Assumed command May 31.² Assumed command June 27.

the road, and Stone's (now commanded by Lawler) advanced on the right, vigorously assaulted the enemy, carried his line of works and captured 18 guns, 5 stand of colors, 1,421 small arms, and 1,751 prisoners. May 19 the division reached the vicinity of the enemy's works at Vicksburg, and on the 20th relieved A. J. Smith's division in the advance. In the assault, May 22, Benton's brigade advanced against the lunette on the Baldwins Ferry road, on or very near the parapet of which some of its colors were planted. Lawler's brigade advanced against the railroad redoubt, on the parapet of which the colors of the Twenty-second Iowa were placed. A few men of this regiment forced their way inside the redoubt, but those not killed were soon compelled to retire to the outside of the parapet. Part of the brigade remained in the trench until sundown, when some were captured and the others forced to fall back. During the siege the division held the right-center of the corps line of investment—its right resting at the railroad—and made an approach to the railroad redoubt. This approach was 30 feet from the enemy's ditch at the surrender. The three approaches of the Thirteenth Army Corps were under charge of Lieut. Peter C. Hains, engineer, who is given high praise for untiring energy and devotion to the work.

CASUALTIES.

Port Gibson, May 1, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Enlisted men captured or missing.	Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.		
Escort:						
Third Illinois Cavalry, Company G ¹						
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Wm. P. Benton:						
Thirty-third Illinois			1	12		13
Ninety-ninth Illinois		4	1	18		23
Eighth Indiana		4		38		42
Eighteenth Indiana		19	3	61		83
First United States, Companies A, B, C, D, H, and I ²						
Indiana Light Artillery, First Battery.....		1				1
Total First Brigade		28	5	129		162
Second Brigade, Col. William M. Stone:						
Twenty-first Iowa			1	16		17
Twenty-second Iowa		2	4	17		23
Twenty-third Iowa		9	2	24		35
Eleventh Wisconsin		2		23		25
Iowa Light Artillery, First Battery				1		1
Total Second Brigade		13	7	81		101
Total Fourteenth Division		41	12	210		263
Unattached:						
Second Illinois Cavalry, Companies F, G, H, I, and K ¹						
Third Illinois Cavalry, Company L ¹						
Patterson's Company Kentucky Infantry ¹						
Sixth Missouri Cavalry, Companies B, E, F, G, H, I, and K ¹						
Total Thirteenth Army Corps	1	124	38	640	23	826

¹ No loss reported.² Not in action.

Champions Hill, May 16, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Fourteenth Division, ¹ Brig. Gen. Eugene A. Carr:							
Thirty-third Illinois.....		1		2			3
Total Fourteenth Division.....		1		2			3
Unattached:							
Second Illinois Cavalry (7 companies) ²							
Sixth Missouri Cavalry (7 companies).....		2		1			3
Patterson's Company Kentucky Infantry ²							
Total unattached		2		1			3
Total Thirteenth Army Corps.....	14	217	46	941	3	142	1,363

¹ Held mainly in reserve.² No loss reported.*Big Black River Bridge, May 17, 1863.*

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. William P. Benton:							
Thirty-third Illinois.....			1	12			13
Ninety-ninth Illinois.....			1	8			9
Eighth Indiana.....		1				1	2
Eighteenth Indiana ¹							
First United States ²							
Total First Brigade.....		1	2	20		1	24
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Michael K. Lawler:							
Twenty-first Iowa.....		13	3	67			83
Twenty-second Iowa.....				2			2
Twenty-third Iowa.....	2	11	2	86			101
Eleventh Wisconsin.....		1	2	32			35
Total Second Brigade	2	25	7	187			221
Artillery:							
Illinois Light, Chicago Mercantile Battery ¹							
Second Illinois Light, Battery A ¹							
Indiana Light, First Battery.....		1					1
Total Fourteenth Division.....	2	27	9	207		1	246
Total Thirteenth Army Corps.....	3	36	16	221		3	279

¹ No loss reported.² Detached.

Officers killed: Col. William H. Kinsman, Twenty-third Iowa Infantry; Capt. Richard L. McCray, Twenty-third Iowa Infantry.

Officers mortally wounded: Lieut. Henry H. Howard, Twenty-first Iowa Infantry; Lieut. John D. Ewing, Twenty-third Iowa Infantry; Lieut. Sylvester G. Beckwith, Twenty-third Iowa Infantry; Capt. Daniel E. Hough, Eleventh Wisconsin Infantry.

Vicksburg, May 22, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. William P. Benton:							
Thirty-third Illinois.....		13	8	51			72
Ninety-ninth Illinois.....	1	18	6	71		6	102
Eighth Indiana.....	3	19	1	94			117
Eighteenth Indiana.....		7	2	37		1	47
First United States.....				3			3
Total First Brigade.....	4	57	17	256		7	341
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Michael K. Lawler:							
Twenty-first Iowa.....	1	15	7	80		10	113
Twenty-second Iowa.....	2	25	6	112	1	18	164
Eleventh Wisconsin.....	1	10	3	77			91
Total Second Brigade.....	4	50	16	269	1	28	368
Artillery:							
Indiana Light, First Battery.....				1			1
Total Fourteenth Division.....	8	107	33	526	1	35	710
Total Thirteenth Army Corps.....	10	192	68	936	1	68	1,275

Officers killed: Lieut. Thomas J. Kinman, Ninety-ninth Illinois Infantry; Capt. Andrew O'Daniel, Eighth Indiana Infantry; Capt. Frederick S. Wysong, Eighth Indiana Infantry; Capt. Hiram T. Vandevender, Eighth Indiana Infantry; Lieut. Col. Cornelius W. Dunlap, Twenty-first Iowa Infantry; Capt. James Robertson, Twenty-second Iowa Infantry; Lieut. Mathew A. Robb, Twenty-second Iowa Infantry; Lieut. Hiram E. Smith, Eleventh Wisconsin Infantry.

Officers died of wounds: Capt. Eli R. Smith, Ninety-ninth Illinois Infantry; Lieut. William Gray, Ninety-ninth Illinois Infantry; Maj. John C. Jenks, Eighteenth Indiana Infantry; Lieut. John L. Lowes, Eighteenth Indiana Infantry; Lieut. Samuel Bates, Twenty-first Iowa Infantry; Lieut. William A. Roberts, Twenty-first Iowa Infantry; Lieut. Alfred J. Peaslee, Eleventh Wisconsin Infantry; Lieut. James Law, Eleventh Wisconsin Infantry.

FIFTEENTH ARMY CORPS.

Maj. Gen. WILLIAM T. SHERMAN.

April 29 Blair's (Second) division of this corps embarked on steamboats to make a feigned attack on Haynes Bluff, from which it returned May 2 to Millikens Bend. The same day Steele's (First) and Tuttle's (Third) divisions moved to Hard Times; arrived there May 6, crossed the Mississippi, and on the 8th marched to Hankinsons Ferry, where they relieved Quinby's division of McPherson's corps. May 13 the divisions marched via Raymond to Mississippi Springs, surprised and captured a cavalry picket, and the following day (May 14) entered Jackson with slight opposition, capturing 250 prisoners and 18 pieces of artillery. May 16 the two divisions marched to Bolton, and reached Bridgeport, on the Big Black River, at noon of the 17th, where two brigades of Blair's division rejoined the corps. During the afternoon of the 18th the corps came up to the rear of Vicksburg, where it occupied the right of the investment line. Steele's division secured possession of the enemy's outer works and rested its right on the

Mississippi River. Blair's division was on the left of Steele's, its line extending across the graveyard road. Tuttle's division was placed in support.

First Division.—Maj. Gen. FREDERICK STEELE.

First Brigade, Col. Francis H. Manter, Col. Bernard G. Farrar:¹ Thirteenth Illinois, Col. Adam B. Gorgas; Twenty-seventh Missouri, Col. Thomas Curley; Twenty-ninth Missouri, Col. James Peckham; Thirtieth Missouri, Lieut. Col. Otto Schadt; Thirty-first Missouri, Col. Thomas C. Fletcher, Maj. Frederick Jaensch, Lieut. Col. Samuel P. Simpson; Thirty-second Missouri, Maj. Abraham J. Seay.

Second Brigade, Col. Charles R. Woods: Twenty-fifth Iowa, Col. George A. Stone; Thirty-first Iowa, Col. William Smyth, Maj. Theodore Stimming; Third Missouri, Lieut. Col. Theodore Meumann; Twelfth Missouri, Col. Hugo Wangelin; Seventeenth Missouri, Col. Francis Hassendeubel, Lieut. Col. John F. Cramer; Seventy-sixth Ohio, Lieut. Col. William B. Woods.

Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. John M. Thayer: Fourth Iowa, Col. James A. Williamson, Lieut. Col. George Burton; Ninth Iowa, Maj. Don A. Carpenter, Capt. Frederick S. Washburn, Col. David Carskaddon; Twenty-sixth Iowa, Col. Milo Smith; Thirtieth Iowa, Col. Charles H. Abbott, Col. William M. G. Torrence.

*Artillery.*² Iowa Light, First Battery, Capt. Henry H. Griffiths; Second Missouri Light, Battery F, Capt. Clemens Landgraeber; Ohio Light, Fourth Battery, Capt. Louis Hoffman.

Cavalry: Kane County (Illinois) Independent Company, Lieut. Thomas J. Beebe; Third Illinois, Company D, Lieut. Jonathan Kershner.

This division left Millikens Bend May 2, reached Hard Times Landing at 1 o'clock p. m. May 6, and crossed to Grand Gulf, Miss., the same evening. It left Grand Gulf May 8 and skirmished with the enemy, May 12, at the crossing of Fourteenmile Creek. The division entered Jackson May 14, marched from there the morning of May 16, and camped that evening at Bolton Station. It crossed Big Black River late in the evening, May 17, reached the vicinity of Vicksburg about 4 o'clock p. m. May 18, and during the 19th went into position on the extreme right of the army, with the right of the division resting on the Mississippi River. Wood's (Second) brigade was on the right, Manter's (First) brigade in the center, and Thayer's (Third) brigade on the left of the division line, positions which were substantially maintained throughout the siege. May 20 and 21 were devoted to throwing up rifle pits and strengthening the position. At about 3 o'clock p. m. May 22 the division, Thayer's brigade in advance, made an assault on the enemy's line at a point about one-half mile west of the redan on the graveyard road. A few officers and men reached the foot of the parapet, where they remained until dark, when the division retired to the position already indicated, four or five hundred yards from the enemy's works, which it retained during the siege. Manter's brigade joined the expedition to Mechanicsburg May 26, but returned to its position in the investment line June 4. An approach

¹ Assumed command June 13.

² Maj. Ezra Taylor, chief of the corps of artillery.

was made to within 30 yards of the enemy's redoubt in front of Thayer's brigade, and a mine was started but was not completed at the time of the surrender.

CASUALTIES.

Vicksburg, May 19, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Fourth Iowa.....				13			13
Ninth Iowa.....		4		12			16
Twenty-sixth Iowa.....		3		11			14
Thirtieth Iowa.....				7			7
Twelfth Missouri.....	1		1	2			4
Thirtieth Missouri.....	1			6			7
Thirty-first Missouri.....			1	2			3
Total Third Division.....	2	7	2	53			64

Officers killed: Capt. Charles Denny, Twelfth Missouri Infantry; Lieut. Celestien M. French, Thirtieth Missouri Infantry.

Vicksburg, May 22, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
First Brigade, Col. Francis H. Manter:							
Thirteenth Illinois.....		1		1			2
Thirtieth Missouri.....				3			3
Thirty-first Missouri.....	1			1			2
Total First Brigade.....	1	1		5			7
Second Brigade, Col. Charles R. Woods:							
Twenty-fifth Iowa.....		5	1	26		5	37
Thirty-first Iowa.....		3	4	15			22
Third Missouri.....		3	1	11		3	18
Twelfth Missouri.....	4	22	7	75			108
Seventy-sixth Ohio.....				5			5
Total Second Brigade.....	4	33	13	132		8	190
Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. John M. Thayer:							
Ninth Iowa.....	2	16	5	55			78
Twenty-sixth Iowa.....		4	4	19			27
Thirtieth Iowa.....	2	11	2	34		1	50
Total Third Brigade.....	4	31	11	108		1	155
Artillery: Second Missouri Light, Battery F.....				1			1
Total First Division.....	9	65	24	246		9	353

Officers killed: Lieut. Edward Tyrrell, Ninth Iowa Infantry; Lieut. Jacob Jones, Ninth Iowa Infantry; Col. Charles H. Abbott, Thirtieth Iowa Infantry; Lieut. James P. Milliken, Thirtieth Iowa Infantry; Maj. Gustavus Lightfoot, Twelfth Missouri Infantry; Capt. Christian Andel, Twelfth Missouri Infantry; Lieut. Charles L. Kasten, Twelfth Missouri Infantry; Lieut. George Eggart, Twelfth Missouri Infantry; Lieut. William Robinson, Thirty-first Missouri Infantry.

Officers died of wounds: Capt. Florillo M. Kelsey, Ninth Iowa Infantry; Capt. Frederick S. Washburn, Ninth Iowa Infantry; Lieut. Leonard L. Martin, Ninth Iowa Infantry; Lieut. David Letner, Thirtieth Iowa Infantry; Lieut. Robert Anderson, Thirty-first Iowa Infantry.

Second Division.—Maj. Gen. FRANK P. BLAIR.

First Brigade, Col. Giles A. Smith: One hundred and thirteenth Illinois, Col. George B. Hoge, Lieut. Col. John W. Paddock; One hundred and sixteenth Illinois, Col. Nathan W. Tupper; Sixth Missouri, Lieut. Col. Ira Boutell, Col. James H. Blood; Eighth Missouri, Lieut. Col. David C. Coleman; Thirteenth United States, First Battalion, Capt. Edward C. Washington, Capt. Charles Ewing, Capt. Charles C. Smith.

Second Brigade, Col. Thomas Kilby Smith, Brig. Gen. Joseph A. J. Lightburn:¹ Fifty-fifth Illinois, Col. Oscar Malmberg; One hundred and twenty-seventh Illinois, Col. Hamilton N. Eldridge; Eighty-third Indiana, Col. Benjamin J. Spooner; Fifty-fourth Ohio, Lieut. Col. Cyrus W. Fisher; Fifty-seventh Ohio, Col. Americus V. Rice, Lieut. Col. Samuel R. Mott.

Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. Hugh Ewing: Thirtieth Ohio, Lieut. Col. George H. Hildt, Col. Theodore Jones; Thirty-seventh Ohio, Lieut. Col. Louis VonBlessingh, Maj. Charles Hipp, Col. Edward Siber; Forty-seventh Ohio, Col. Augustus C. Parry; Fourth West Virginia, Col. James H. Dayton.

Artillery: First Illinois Light, Battery A, Capt. Peter P. Wood; First Illinois Light, Battery B, Capt. Samuel E. Barrett, Lieut. Israel P. Rumsey; First Illinois Light, Battery H, Capt. Levi W. Hart; Ohio Light, Eighth Battery, Capt. James F. Putnam.

Cavalry: Thielemann's (Illinois) Battalion, Companies A and B, Capt. Milo Thielemann; Tenth Missouri, Company C, Capt. Daniel W. Ballou, Lieut. Benjamin Joel.

This division, under the personal direction of General Sherman, embarked on steamboats from Youngs Point, April 29, and moved to the Yazoo River for demonstration on Haynes Bluff. Returning, the division remained at Millikens Bend until May 7, when Giles A. Smith's (First) brigade and Thomas Kilby Smith's (Second) brigade marched to Hard Times, opposite Grand Gulf, crossed the Mississippi River the night of May 11, and on the 12th marched toward Jackson by the road through Willow Springs and Auburn, reaching Raymond the evening of the 15th. May 16 the brigades marched toward Edwards Station, on the lower road, with A. J. Smith's division of McClernand's corps. After the battle opened at Champion's Hill, Giles A. Smith's brigade formed on the right of the road, connecting with the left of Osterhaus. Late in the afternoon the brigades advanced in line of battle and assisted in the pursuit of the enemy. Twelve pieces of artillery and about 300 prisoners were captured during the evening and the following morning. May 17, the two brigades moved forward by Edwards Depot to Bridgeport and crossed the Big Black River at that point. May 18 they took the advance on the march to Vicksburg, and that night approached to within a few hundred yards of the enemy's works to the right and left of the graveyard road. Ewing's (Third) brigade arrived from Millikens Bend during the night and joined the division in this position, having marched 85 miles in three days. May 19 the division was formed for the assault, T. Kilby Smith's brigade on the left across the graveyard road, Giles A. Smith's in the center, Ewing's on the right, and at 2 p. m. the line advanced and planted flags at several points upon the enemy's works, but were unable to make a

¹ Assumed command May 24.

lodgment therein. The positions gained were held until night, when the division was withdrawn. May 22 it was massed in a ravine to the left of the graveyard road, and a storming party of 150 volunteers was formed for the assault. Four batteries were placed in positions from which their fire could be concentrated on the stockade redan on the graveyard road. At 10 o'clock a. m. the signal was given and Ewing's brigade, led by the storming party, dashed forward by the flank on the road under a heavy fire. The storming party and some men of the leading regiment (Thirtieth Ohio) reached the outer slope of the redan, where the brigade headquarters flag was planted. Most of Ewing's brigade took position behind the crest of a ridge on the left of the road and about 140 yards from the enemy's line, and maintained a heavy fire on the enemy until night. Giles A. Smith's brigade took position on the left of Ewing, and in the afternoon, in connection with Ransom's brigade, McArthur's division, Seventeenth Corps, made a vigorous but unsuccessful assault on that part of the enemy's line, with T. Kilby Smith's brigade in support. This last-named brigade formed part of the expeditionary force under General Blair, and marched, May 27, to Mechanicsburg. It returned June 4, and took position on the right of the division in the investment line and made an approach to a lunette in its front. Ewing's brigade held the center of the division investment line and made an approach to the stockade redan. Giles A. Smith's brigade held the left and made an approach to a lunette in its front. All the approaches were pushed close to the works in their respective fronts and mines were started from them, but had not been charged at the surrender.

CASUALTIES.

Vicksburg, May 19, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Fifty-fifth Illinois	1	3	2	20	.....	.....	26
One hundred and thirteenth Illinois .....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	7
One hundred and sixteenth Illinois .....	.....	6	6	58	.....	1	71
One hundred and twenty-seventh Illinois	1	7	3	28	.....	1	40
Eighty-third Indiana	2	8	4	42	.....	.....	56
Sixth Missouri .....	.....	3	5	20	.....	.....	28
Eighth Missouri .....	.....	7	2	17	.....	.....	26
Thirtieth Ohio .....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	9
Thirty-seventh Ohio	2	12	1	34	.....	.....	49
Forty-seventh Ohio	1	12	3	37	1	5	59
Fifty-fourth Ohio .....	.....	2	.....	13	.....	.....	15
Fifty-seventh Ohio .....	.....	5	1	12	.....	.....	18
Fourth West Virginia	1	26	11	99	.....	.....	137
Thirteenth United States .....	.....	21	6	43	.....	.....	70
Total Second Division	8	112	44	439	1	7	611

Officers killed: Lieut. Levi Hill, Fifty-fifth Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Hiram McClintock, One hundred and twenty-seventh Illinois Infantry; Capt. Metellus Calvert, Eighty-third Indiana Infantry; Capt. John M. Creswell, Eighty-third Indiana Infantry; Lieut. Gustav A. Winzer, Thirty-seventh Ohio Infantry; Lieut. Sebalduß Hassler, Thirty-seventh Ohio Infantry; Lieut. Edward N. Barnard, Forty-seventh Ohio Infantry; Maj. Arza M. Goodspeed, Fourth West Virginia Infantry.

Officers died of wounds: Capt. John S. Riddle, One hundred and twenty-seventh Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Jonathan Casto, Forty-seventh Ohio Infantry; Capt. Edward C. Washington, Thirteenth United States Infantry; Lieut. Finley Ong, Fourth West Virginia Infantry; Lieut. Justus A. Boies, Fourth West Virginia Infantry.

Vicksburg, May 22, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
First Brigade, Col. Giles A. Smith:							
One hundred and thirteenth Illinois		7	2	18			27
One hundred and sixteenth Illinois	1		1	7			9
Sixth Missouri		2	1	12			15
Eighth Missouri		10	4	36		1	51
Total First Brigade	1	19	8	73		1	102
Second Brigade, Col. Thomas Kilby Smith:							
Fifty-fifth Illinois		5	1	12			18
One hundred and twenty-seventh Illinois		3		7			10
Eighty-third Indiana				10			10
Fifty-fourth Ohio		1		4			5
Fifty-seventh Ohio		2	1	10			13
Total Second Brigade		11	2	43			56
Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. Hugh Ewing:							
Thirtieth Ohio	1	5	6	37		2	51
Thirty-seventh Ohio		10	1	30			41
Forty-seventh Ohio		6	2	24		1	33
Fourth West Virginia		3	1	15			19
Total Third Brigade	1	24	10	106		3	144
Artillery:							
First Illinois Light, Battery B		2					2
Total Second Division	2	56	20	222		4	304

Officers killed: Lieut. Nathan W. Wheeler, One hundred and sixteenth Illinois Infantry; Capt. Thomas Haynes, Thirtieth Ohio Infantry.

Officers died of wounds: Lieut. Gusten F. Hardy, One hundred and sixteenth Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Hiram J. Davis, Thirtieth Ohio Infantry.

Third Division.—Brig. Gen. JAMES M. TUTTLE.

First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Ralph P. Buckland, Col. William L. McMillan:¹ One hundred and fourteenth Illinois, Col. James W. Judy; Ninety-third Indiana, Col. DeWitt C. Thomas; Seventy-second Ohio, Lieut. Col. LeRoy Crockett, Maj. Charles G. Eaton; Ninety-fifth Ohio, Col. William L. McMillan, Lieut. Col. Jefferson Brumback.

Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Joseph A. Mower: Forty-seventh Illinois, Lieut. Col. Samuel R. Baker; Fifth Minnesota, Col. Lucius F. Hubbard; Eleventh Missouri, Col. Andrew J. Weber, Lieut. Col. William L. Barnum; Eighth Wisconsin, Col. George W. Robbins.

Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. Charles L. Matthies, Col. Joseph J. Woods:² Eighth Iowa, Col. James L. Geddes; Twelfth Iowa, Col. Joseph J. Woods, Lieut. Col. Samuel R. Edgington; Thirty-fifth Iowa, Col. Sylvester G. Hill.

Artillery, Capt. Nelson T. Spoor: First Illinois Light, Battery E, Capt. Allen C. Waterhouse; Iowa Light, Second Battery, Lieut. Joseph R. Reed.

Unattached cavalry: Fourth Iowa, Lieut. Col. Simeon D. Swan.

This division moved from Duckport, La. (near Millikens Bend), via Richmond, May 3, to Smith's plantation on the 4th, Hard Times the

¹Assumed command June 22.

²Assumed command June 1.

7th, crossed the river to Grand Gulf the same day, and on the 8th marched to Willow Springs and on the 12th to Fourteenmile Creek. May 13, it marched in the advance to Mississippi Springs, where the enemy's pickets were encountered. At daylight, May 14, the division moved toward Jackson. On the advance of Mower's (Second) and Matthies' (Third) brigades the enemy retreated, leaving 10 pieces of artillery and 150 prisoners. May 16, at noon, the division left Jackson and marched, via Bolton and Bridgeport, to the rear of Vicksburg, where it arrived the evening of May 18. In the assault at 2 p. m., May 19, Buckland's (First) brigade supported Blair's division, with three regiments on the right and one on the left of the graveyard road. The division took no part in the attack the forenoon of May 22. In the afternoon Mower's brigade assaulted the stockade redan on the graveyard road. The colors of the Eleventh Missouri were planted on the parapet beside the headquarters flag of Ewing's brigade. The division commander in his report says:

The attack was made with the greatest bravery and impetuosity, and its failure only serves to prove that it is impossible to carry this position by storm.

May 26, this brigade was detailed as part of the expeditionary force under General Blair and marched to Mechanicsburg. When this force was recalled the brigade remained in the vicinity of Haynes Bluff until June 8, when it was ordered to Youngs Point, Louisiana, and from there advanced to Richmond, where it skirmished with the enemy. Returning to Youngs Point, it was engaged in picketing the river and watching for hostile demonstrations on the Louisiana side until the end of the siege. Col. Andrew J. Weber, Eleventh Missouri Infantry, was killed on duty in the trenches opposite the city of Vicksburg. From May 23 to June 22, Buckland's and Matthies' (First and Third) brigades participated in the operations of the siege, holding a place in the investment line between the right of Blair's division and the left of Steele's. On the last-named date, under the division commander and as part of the force commanded by General Sherman, both brigades moved to Bear Creek, where they remained to the end of the siege.

CASUALTIES.

Jackson, May 14, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Enlisted men captured or missing.	Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.		
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Ralph P. Buckland:						
One hundred and fourteenth Illinois.....		1		2		3
Ninety-third Indiana.....		3		7		10
Seventy-second Ohio ¹						
Ninety-fifth Ohio ¹						
Total First Brigade.....		4		9		13

¹ No loss reported.

Jackson, May 14, 1863—Continued.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Enlisted men captured or missing.	Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.		
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Joseph A. Mower:						
Forty-seventh Illinois	11			3		4
Fifth Minnesota ²			1	5	3	9
Eleventh Missouri						
Eighth Wisconsin ²						
Total Second Brigade	1		1	8	3	13
Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. Charles L. Matthes:						
Eighth Iowa ²						
Twelfth Iowa ²				1	1	3
Thirty-fifth Iowa		1				
Total Third Brigade		1		1	1	3
Artillery:						
Iowa Light, Second Battery				1		1
First Illinois Light, Battery E				2		2
Total artillery				3		3
Total Third Division	1	5	1	21	4	32

¹ Col. John N. Cromwell killed near Jackson May 16.² No loss reported.*Vicksburg, May 19, 1863.*

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
One hundred and fourteenth Illinois		2	1	9			12
First Illinois Light Artillery, Battery D				2			2
Ninety-third Indiana		1		5			6
Twelfth Iowa		1		1			2
Seventy-second Ohio		1	3	10			14
Ninety-fifth Ohio				2			2
Total Third Division		5	4	29			38
Total Fifteenth Army Corps	10	124	50	521	1	7	713

Vicksburg, May 22, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Ralph P. Buckland:							
One hundred and fourteenth Illinois				2			2
Ninety-third Indiana				2			2
Seventy-second Ohio				1			1
Ninety-fifth Ohio				4			4
Total First Brigade				9			9

Vicksburg, May 22, 1863—Continued.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Joseph A. Mower:							
Forty-seventh Illinois.....		5	2	31			38
Fifth Minnesota.....		2		1		7	10
Eleventh Missouri.....		7	2	83			92
Eighth Wisconsin.....	1	2	2	15		22	42
Total Second Brigade.....	1	16	6	130		29	182
Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. Charles L. Matthies:							
Eighth Iowa.....			1	4			5
Total Third Brigade.....			1	4			5
Artillery:							
First Illinois Light, Battery E.....		1		1			2
Iowa Light, Second Battery.....				3			3
Total artillery.....		1		4			5
Total Third Division.....	1	17	7	147		29	201
Total Fifteenth Army Corps.....	12	138	51	615		42	858

Officers killed: Lieut. Willard D. Chapman, Eighth Wisconsin Infantry.

Officers died of wounds: Lieut. Charles H. Brookings, Eleventh Missouri Infantry; Capt. Stephen Estee, Eighth Wisconsin Infantry.

SIXTEENTH ARMY CORPS.

(Detachment.)

Maj. Gen. CADWALLADER C. WASHBURN.

This detachment was ordered from Tennessee to Vicksburg by General Grant after the beginning of the campaign.

First Division.—Brig. Gen. WILLIAM SOOY SMITH.

Escort: Seventh Illinois Cavalry, Company B, Capt. Henry C. Forbes.

First Brigade, Col. John M. Loomis: Twenty-sixth Illinois, Maj. John B. Harris; Ninetieth Illinois, Col. Timothy O'Meara; Twelfth Indiana, Col. Reuben Williams; One hundredth Indiana, Lieut. Col. Albert Heath.

Second Brigade, Col. Stephen G. Hicks: Fortieth Illinois, Maj. Hiram W. Hall; One hundred and third Illinois, Col. Willard A. Dickerman; Fifteenth Michigan, Col. John M. Oliver; Forty-sixth Ohio, Col. Charles C. Walcutt.

Third Brigade, Col. Joseph R. Cockrell: Ninety-seventh Indiana, Col. Robert F. Catterson; Ninety-ninth Indiana, Col. Alexander Fowler; Fifty-third Ohio, Col. Wells S. Jones; Seventieth Ohio, Maj. William B. Brown.

Fourth Brigade, Col. William W. Sanford: Forty-eighth Illinois, Lieut. Col. Lucien Greathouse; Sixth Iowa, Col. John M. Corse.

Artillery, Capt. William Cogswell: First Illinois Light, Battery F, Capt. John T. Cheney; First Illinois Light, Battery I, Lieut. William N. Lansing; Illinois Light, Cogswell's Battery, Lieut. Henry G. Eddy; Indiana Light, Sixth Battery, Capt. Michael Mueller.

This division embarked at Memphis on or about June 8, arrived at Haynes Bluff June 12, took position there, and assisted in fortifying that point. By order of General Sherman, dated June 26, it took position on Oak Ridge from Neily's on the right to the post-office on the left, fortified the line, and remained there to the end of the siege.

Fourth Division.—Brig. Gen. JACOB G. LAUMAN.

First Brigade, Col. Isaac C. Pugh: Forty-first Illinois, Lieut. Col. John H. Nale; Fifty-third Illinois, Lieut. Col. Seth C. Earl; Third Iowa, Col. Aaron Brown; Thirty-third Wisconsin, Col. Jonathan B. Moore.

Second Brigade, Col. Cyrus Hall: Fourteenth Illinois, Lieut. Col. William Cam, Capt. Augustus H. Cornman; Fifteenth Illinois, Col. George C. Rogers; Forty-sixth Illinois, Col. Benjamin Dornblaser; Seventy-sixth Illinois, Col. Samuel T. Busey; Fifty-third Indiana, Col. Walter Q. Gresham.¹

Third Brigade, Col. George E. Bryant, Col. Amory K. Johnson:² Twenty-eighth Illinois, Maj. Hinman Rhodes; Thirty-second Illinois, Col. John Logan, Lieut. Col. William Hunter; Twelfth Wisconsin, Lieut. Col. De Witt C. Poole, Col. George E. Bryant.

Cavalry: Fifteenth Illinois, Companies F and I, Maj. James G. Wilson.

Artillery, Capt. George C. Gumbart: Second Illinois Light, Battery E, Lieut. George L. Nispel; Second Illinois Light, Battery K, Capt. Benjamin F. Rodgers; Ohio Light, Fifth Battery, Lieut. Anthony B. Burton; Ohio Light, Seventh Battery, Capt. Silas A. Burnap; Ohio Light, Fifteenth Battery, Capt. Edward Spear, jr.

This division embarked on steamers at Memphis on or about May 17, under orders to go to Vicksburg. May 18 the leading steamer was fired on at or near Greenville and 14 men of the Third Iowa Infantry were wounded, as reported by Colonel Brown of that regiment. The division reported at Youngs Point, May 19, and was ordered to Sneders Bluff, arriving there May 20. It left this place, May 24, and marched to take position on the extreme left of the investment line. By order of General Grant, dated May 28, it moved to the right, connected its right with McClernand's left and rested its left on or near the Halls Ferry road. During the siege the division made an approach to the outlying fort of the enemy on the east side of the Halls Ferry road. This fort, being very salient, was much exposed to attack. The enemy, conscious of this, made repeated sorties to drive off the working parties. By order of General Ord, dated June 24, the division was temporarily attached to the Thirteenth Army Corps. The positions of the respective brigades in the division investment line are not clearly shown by the official reports, which are meager. According to reports by General Lauman and by the statement in the official records of officers killed and mortally wounded, the division lost, during the siege and not covered by the casualty tables, 1 officer and 7 enlisted men killed, 1 officer and 22 enlisted men wounded, 1 officer and 5 enlisted men captured or missing. The official report of Gen. Thomas A. Taylor,

¹ Transferred to Third Brigade June 22.

² Assumed command June 9.

General Pemberton's inspector-general, also notes the capture, May 25, of 5 officers and 109 men, presumably belonging to the Forty-sixth Illinois Infantry of this division. The approach against the enemy's outlying fort on the east side of the Halls Ferry road was within 25 to 30 yards of the ditch at the surrender.

Provisional Division.—Brig. Gen. NATHAN KIMBALL.

Engelmann's brigade, Col. Adolph Engelmann: Forty-third Illinois, Lieut. Col. Adolph Dengler; Sixty-first Illinois, Maj. Simon P. Ohr; One hundred and sixth Illinois, Maj. John M. Hurt; Twelfth Michigan, Col. William H. Graves.

Richmond's brigade, Col. Jonathan Richmond: Eighteenth Illinois, Col. Daniel H. Brush; Fifty-fourth Illinois, Col. Greenville M. Mitchell; One hundred and twenty-sixth Illinois, Maj. William W. Wilshire; Twenty-second Ohio, Col. Oliver Wood.

Montgomery's brigade, Col. Milton Montgomery: Fortieth Iowa, Col. John A. Garrett; Third Minnesota, Col. Chauncey W. Griggs; Twenty-fifth Wisconsin, Lieut. Col. Samuel J. Nasmith; Twenty-seventh Wisconsin, Col. Conrad Krez.

This division was composed of the First and Second Brigades of the Third Division and four regiments from the Sixth Division. It arrived on transports from Memphis, and disembarked at Satartia, on the Yazoo River, June 4; marched to Mechanicsburg the same day, and skirmished with the enemy. It moved to Haynes Bluff June 6, strongly fortified that point, and remained there to the end of the siege.

SEVENTEENTH ARMY CORPS.

Maj. Gen. JAMES B. MCPHERSON.

Escort: Fourth company Ohio cavalry, Capt. John S. Foster.

This corps was concentrated near Smith's plantation April 26. Leaving McArthur's (Sixth) division to guard the line of communication from Millikens Bend to Perkins' plantation (43 miles), Logan's (Third) division and Quinby's (Seventh) division moved to Hard Times Landing, the former crossing the river on the evening of April 30 and the latter on the following day. Logan's division participated in the battle at Port Gibson May 1, and, with Quinby's division in reserve, fought the battle at Raymond May 12. Both divisions reached Jackson May 14 and took part in the capture of that place, Quinby's alone being engaged. The two last-named divisions also participated in the battle of Champions Hill, May 16, and May 18 crossed Big Black River and moved toward Vicksburg, arriving before the enemy's intrenchments May 19. The corps, except Reid's (First) and Hall's (Third) brigades, McArthur's division, took part in the assaults, May 19 and May 22, and held the right-center of the investment line during the siege, its right connecting with the left of the Fifteenth Corps and its left with the right of the Thirteenth Corps.

Third Division.—Maj. Gen. JOHN A. LOGAN.

Escort: Second Illinois Cavalry, Company A, Lieut. William B. Cummins.

First Brigade, Brig. Gen. John E. Smith, Brig. Gen. Mortimer D. Leggett:¹ Twentieth Illinois, Maj. Daniel Bradley; Thirty-first Illinois, Lieut. Col. John D. Rees, Maj. Robert N. Pearson; Forty-fifth Illinois, Col. Jasper A. Maltby; One hundred and twentieth-fourth Illinois, Col. Thomas J. Sloan; Twenty-third Indiana, Lieut. Col. William P. Davis.

Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Mortimer D. Leggett, Col. Manning F. Force:¹ Thirtieth Illinois, Lieut. Col. Warren Shedd; Twentieth Ohio, Col. Manning F. Force, Capt. Francis M. Shacklee; Sixty-eighth Ohio, Col. Robert K. Scott; Seventy-eighth Ohio, Lieut. Col. Greenberry F. Wiles.

Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. John D. Stevenson: Eighth Illinois, Lieut. Col. Robert H. Sturgess; Seventeenth Illinois, Lieut. Col. Francis M. Smith; Eighty-first Illinois, Col. James J. Dollins, Col. Franklin Campbell; Seventh Missouri, Capt. Robert Buchanan, Capt. William B. Collins; Thirty-second Ohio, Col. Benjamin F. Potts.

Artillery, Maj. Charles J. Stolbrand: First Illinois Light, Battery D, Capt. Henry A. Rogers, Lieut. George J. Wood, Capt. Frederick Sparrestrom; Second Illinois Light, Battery G, Capt. Frederick Sparrestrom, Lieut. John W. Lowell; Second Illinois Light, Battery L, Capt. William H. Bolton; Michigan Light, Eighth Battery, Capt. Samuel De Golyer, Lieut. Theodore W. Lockwood; Ohio Light, Third Battery, Capt. William S. Williams.

While the division was crossing the Mississippi River to Bruinsburg, the night of April 30–May 1, a collision between the steamboats *Horizon* and *Moderator* resulted in the sinking of the former, the drowning of two enlisted men belonging to Battery G, Second Illinois Light Artillery, and the loss of the guns, the equipment, and most of the horses of this battery. At Port Gibson, May 1, J. E. Smith's (First) brigade attacked on the left of McClernand, and Stevenson's (Third) brigade was sent to the support of McClernand's right. Dennis' (Second) brigade was but slightly engaged. The division crossed the south fork of Bayou Pierre, May 2, marched via Willow Springs to Hankinsons Ferry, where it bivouacked three days. May 7 it moved, via Rocky Springs, toward Raymond, near which place, May 12, it sharply engaged the enemy under General Gregg. The enemy was driven from the battlefield and the division encamped that night in Raymond. May 14 the division was near Jackson. May 15 it marched via Clinton and bivouacked 7 miles west of that town. May 16 it followed Hovey's division on the march, deployed and formed line of battle on his right, Leggett's brigade on the left of the division line, J. E. Smith's on the right of Leggett, and Stevenson's at first in reserve, but soon in line on the right of Smith. In this order the division was engaged at Champions Hill, flanking the enemy on his left and finally driving him from his position, capturing 5 guns and many prisoners. The division crossed Big Black River May 18,

¹ Assumed command June 3.

and arrived in rear of Vicksburg at 10 a. m. May 19, taking position on the right and left of the Jackson road.

May 22, at 10 a. m., John E. Smith's brigade unsuccessfully attacked both curtains of the Third Louisiana redan, and Stevenson's brigade advanced to the ditch of the redoubt south of the Jackson road, Leggett's brigade being in reserve. At 2 o'clock p. m. Smith's brigade made a second unsuccessful assault upon the enemy's position. During the siege this brigade held the right of the division line, its camps being clustered about the "White House." When the mine under the Third Louisiana redan was fired, June 25, the brigade occupied the crater, was closely and sharply engaged with the enemy, and suffered severely. Leggett's brigade moved to Mechanicsburg, May 26, as part of the expeditionary force under General Blair, returning to the rear of Vicksburg June 4. June 22 the brigade, as part of a provisional division commanded by General McArthur, moved to Strauss' plantation on the Birdsong Ferry road, and thence, June 30, to Tiffin, where it constructed earthworks and remained until Vicksburg surrendered. Stevenson's brigade, during the siege, held the left of the division line, its right resting on the Jackson road. Under the personal direction of Capt. A. Hickenlooper, corps engineer, the division made an approach to the Third Louisiana redan, on the north side of the Jackson road. This approach began east of the "White House," crossed the Jackson road five times (a branch trench running west of south from the main one, making a sixth crossing), and reached the redan against which it was directed June 22. A mine was then run under the redan, charged with 2,200 pounds of powder, and fired at 3.30 p. m. June 25. The troops rushed in and occupied the crater made by the explosion, but a parapet in the rear was successfully held by the enemy. A second mine was started June 28, from a covered gallery in the crater, and fired July 1, doing greater damage to the enemy's earthworks than at the first explosion. No attempt was made to occupy the new crater.

On the surrender July 4, by order of General Grant, the division marched within the enemy's intrenchments, and its commander, General Logan, was assigned temporarily to the command of the city of Vicksburg. As reported by Gens. J. E. Smith and Leggett, brigade commanders, the First Brigade lost during the siege, and not covered by the casualty tables, 31 killed and 176 wounded. This does not include any losses prior to May 23. The division held the center of the corps investment line.

CASUALTIES.

Port Gibson, May 1, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Enlisted men captured or missing.	Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.		
Escort: Second Illinois Cavalry, Company A...				1		1
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. John E. Smith:						
Twentieth Illinois				2		2
Thirty-first Illinois		1				1
Forty-fifth Illinois ¹						
One hundred and twenty-fourth Illinois			1	1		2
Twenty-third Indiana		4	3	20		27
Total First Brigade		5	4	23		32
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Elias S. Dennis:						
Thirtieth Illinois						
Twentieth Ohio						
Sixty-eighth Ohio						
Seventy-eighth Ohio						
Total Second Brigade			1	2		3
Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. John D. Stevenson:						
Eighth Illinois			1	2		3
Eighty-first Illinois				1	2	3
Seventh Missouri		1		4		5
Thirty-second Ohio ¹						
Total Third Brigade		1	1	7	2	11
Artillery:						
Michigan Light Artillery, Eighth Battery				2		2
Total Third Division		6	6	35	2	49

RECAPITULATION.

Thirteenth Army Corps	1	124	38	640	23	826
Seventeenth Army Corps		6	6	35	2	49
Grand total	1	130	44	675	25	875

Raymond, May 12, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Cavalry Battalion, Capt. John S. Foster:							
Second Illinois Cavalry, Companies A and E ¹							
Fourth Missouri Cavalry, Company F		1		1			2
Ohio Cavalry (Fourth Company) ¹							
Total Cavalry Battalion		1		1			2
Third Division, Maj. Gen. John A. Logan:							
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. John E. Smith—							
Twentieth Illinois	3	14	4	64		1	86
Thirty-first Illinois		1	2	4			7
Forty-fifth Illinois			2	14		1	17
One hundred and twenty-fourth Illinois		1		9			10
Twenty-third Indiana	1	15	2	74	2	21	115
Total First Brigade	4	31	10	165	2	23	235

¹No loss reported.

Raymond, May 12, 1863—Continued.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Elias S. Dennis—							
Thirtieth Illinois				1			1
Twentieth Ohio		10	2	56			68
Sixty-eighth Ohio				5			5
Seventy-eighth Ohio				11			11
Total Second Brigade		10	2	73			85
Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. John D. Stevenson—							
Eighth Illinois	1	7	1	18			27
Eighty-first Illinois		1	2	7		5	15
Seventh Missouri	2	7	2	55		7	73
Thirty-second Ohio ¹							
Total Third Brigade	3	15	5	80		12	115
Artillery:							
First Illinois Light Artillery, Battery D ¹							
Michigan Light Artillery, Eighth Battery				1			1
Ohio Light Artillery, Third Battery ¹							
Total Artillery				1			1
Total Third Division	7	56	17	319	2	35	436
Seventh (Crocker's) Division ²		2		2			4
Grand total	7	58	17	321	2	35	440

¹No loss reported.

²Held mainly in reserve. The following-named regiments appear to have been the most actively employed: Forty-eighth and Fifty-ninth Indiana, Tenth Missouri, and Eightieth Ohio.

Officers killed: Capt. Frank Leeper, Eighth Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Col. Evan Richards, Twentieth Illinois Infantry; Capt. Victor H. Stevens, Twentieth Illinois Infantry; Lieut. William S. Sears, Twentieth Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Henry C. Deitz, Twenty-third Indiana Infantry; Lieut. John Lamb, Seventh Missouri Infantry; Lieut. John W. Barrett, Seventh Missouri Infantry.

Champions Hill, May 16, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. John E. Smith:							
Twentieth Illinois		2	3	12		8	25
Thirty-first Illinois		5		18			23
Forty-fifth Illinois		4	1	19			24
One hundred and twenty-fourth Illinois		11	6	28			45
Twenty-third Indiana			3	14		1	18
Total First Brigade		22	13	91		9	135
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Mortimer D. Leggett:							
Thirtieth Illinois	2	7	5	44			58
Twentieth Ohio	1	1	2	26			30
Sixty-eighth Ohio	1	1	4	56			62
Seventy-eighth Ohio		8	5	47			60
Total Second Brigade	4	17	16	173			210

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Champions Hill, May 16, 1863—Continued.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. John D. Stevenson:							
Eighth Illinois		2	1	6		3	12
Eighty-first Illinois		3		11		15	29
Seventh Missouri ¹							
Thirty-second Ohio		2	3	15			20
Total Third Brigade		7	4	32		18	61
Artillery, Maj. Charles J. Stobrand:							
First Illinois Light Artillery, Battery D ¹							
Second Illinois Light Artillery, Battery L ¹							
Michigan Light Artillery, Eighth Battery		1					1
Ohio Light Artillery, Third Battery ¹							
Total Third Division	4	47	33	296		27	407

¹ No loss reported.

Officers killed: Capt. James R. Wilson, Thirtieth Illinois Infantry; Capt. James Burnet, Thirtieth Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Presley McCafferty, Twentieth Ohio Infantry; Lieut. Col. John S. Snook, Sixty-eighth Ohio Infantry.

Officers died of wounds: Lieut. George E. Meily, Thirtieth Illinois Infantry; Lieut. James T. Caldwell, Seventy-eighth Ohio Infantry.

Vicksburg, May 22, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. John E. Smith:							
Twentieth Illinois			2	21			23
Thirty-first Illinois		3	2	19			24
Forty-fifth Illinois	1			19		2	22
One hundred and twenty-fourth Illinois				2			2
Twenty-third Indiana	1	2		7			10
Total First Brigade	2	5	4	68		2	81
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Mortimer D. Leggett:							
Sixty-eighth Ohio				6			6
Total Second Brigade				6			6
Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. John D. Stevenson:							
Eighth Illinois		4	1	18			23
Seventeenth Illinois		3	1	22			26
Eighty-first Illinois	4	14	8	72			98
Seventh Missouri		9	5	88			102
Thirty-second Ohio				23			23
Total Third Brigade	4	30	15	223			272
Total Third Division	6	35	19	297		2	359

Officers killed: Maj. Luther H. Cowen, Forty-fifth Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Christian G. Zulauf, Twenty-third Indiana Infantry; Col. James J. Dollins, Eighty-first Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Zebedee Hammack, Eighty-first Illinois Infantry; Lieut. William L. Farmer, Eighty-first Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Hugh Warnock, Eighty-first Illinois Infantry.

Officers died of wounds: Capt. Horace L. Bowyer, Thirty-first Illinois Infantry; Capt. Cornelius S. Ward, Eighty-first Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Abraham L. Lippencott, Eighty-first Illinois Infantry.

Sixth Division.—Brig. Gen. JOHN McARTHUR.

Escort: Eleventh Illinois Cavalry, Company G, Lieut. Stephen S. Tripp.

First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Hugh T. Reid: First Kansas, Col. William Y. Roberts; Sixteenth Wisconsin, Col. Benjamin Allen.

Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Thomas E. G. Ransom: Eleventh Illinois, Lieut. Col. Garrett Nevins, Lieut. Col. James H. Coates; Seventy-second Illinois, Col. Frederick A. Starring; Ninety-fifth Illinois, Col. Thomas W. Humphrey, Lieut. Col. Leander Blanden, Col. Thomas W. Humphrey; Fourteenth Wisconsin, Col. Lyman M. Ward; Seventeenth Wisconsin, Lieut. Col. Thomas McMahon, Col. Adam G. Malloy.

Third Brigade, Col. William Hall, Col. Alexander Chambers:¹ Eleventh Iowa, Lieut. Col. John C. Abercrombie, Col. William Hall; Thirteenth Iowa, Col. John Shane; Fifteenth Iowa, Col. William W. Belknap; Sixteenth Iowa, Lieut. Col. Addison H. Sanders.

Artillery, Maj. Thomas D. Maurice: Second Illinois Light, Battery F, Capt. John W. Powell; Minnesota Light, First Battery, Lieut. Henry Hurter, Capt. William Z. Clayton; First Missouri Light, Battery C, Capt. Charles Mann; Ohio Light, Tenth Battery, Capt. Hamilton B. White, Lieut. William L. Newcomb.

This division moved from Millikens Bend April 6. Reid's (First) brigade was stationed at Lake Providence, La., where it remained throughout the campaign and siege. It skirmished with the enemy at Bayou Tensas, June 9, and repulsed an attack at Goodrichs Landing June 29. Ransom's (Second) brigade marched from Grand Gulf, May 10, reached the battlefield of Champions Hill May 16, at the close of the engagement, and participated in the pursuit of the enemy. On the morning of May 18 the brigade crossed Big Black River and marched to the rear of Vicksburg. It joined in the assaults, May 19 and May 22, on the later date planting its colors near the base of the enemy's parapet. During the siege the brigade made an approach (Ransom's) to a reentrant part of the enemy's line immediately north of Glass Bayou. Hall's (Third) brigade, at the beginning of the siege, was stationed at Grand Gulf, Miss. May 20 it moved on transports to a point on the Louisiana shore 2 miles below Vicksburg, where it disembarked and marched to Youngs Point. May 21 it moved on transports to Haynes Bluff, where it remained but a few hours. It returned via Youngs Point to the landing below Vicksburg, was transported to Warrenton, disembarked, and marched 4 miles toward Vicksburg. May 22 it advanced along the Warrenton road and drove the skirmishers of the enemy within his intrenchments. May 23 the brigade moved about 3 miles to the right, but returned to its previous position, where it was relieved, May 26, by General Lauman. May 27 it joined General Blair's expedition to Mechanicsburg. June 4 it returned to the Vicksburg lines and remained there until June 23, when it moved to Strauss' plantation, and, June 27, to Fox's plantation, 4 miles from Messengers Ferry, where it remained to the end of the siege.

¹ Assumed command June 6.

CASUALTIES.

Vicksburg, May 19, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Eleventh Illinois.....				12	.....	.....	12
Seventy-second Illinois.....		2	1	1	.....	.....	4
Ninety-fifth Illinois.....		8	3	51	.....	.....	62
Fourteenth Wisconsin.....		1	.....	6	.....	.....	7
Seventeenth Wisconsin.....		3	6	30	.....	.....	39
Total Sixth Division.....		14	10	100	.....	.....	124

Vicksburg, May 22, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Thomas E. G. Ransom:							
Eleventh Illinois.....	1	2	2	28	.....	9	42
Seventy-second Illinois.....	2	18	4	67	.....	5	96
Ninety-fifth Illinois.....	2	16	5	78	.....	8	109
Fourteenth Wisconsin.....	1	13	5	74	.....	4	97
Seventeenth Wisconsin.....	.....	2	.....	12	.....	6	20
Total Second Brigade.....	6	51	16	259	.....	32	364
Third Brigade, Col. William Hall:							
Eleventh Iowa.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	2
Sixteenth Iowa.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Total Third Brigade.....	.....	1	1	1	.....	.....	3
Total Sixth Division.....	6	52	17	260	.....	32	367

Officers killed: Lieut. Col. Garrett Nevins, Eleventh Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Henry C. Mowry, Seventy-second Illinois Infantry; Lieut. James A. Bingham, Seventy-second Illinois Infantry; Capt. Jason B. Manzer, Ninety-fifth Illinois Infantry; Capt. Gabriel E. Cornwell, Ninety-fifth Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Colin Miller, Fourteenth Wisconsin Infantry.

Officers died of wounds: Lieut. Col. Joseph C. Wright, Seventy-second Illinois Infantry; Capt. Edward J. Cook, Ninety-fifth Illinois Infantry; Lieut. James E. Sponable, Ninety-fifth Illinois Infantry.

Seventh Division.—Brig. Gen. ISAAC F. QUINBY, Brig. Gen. JOHN E. SMITH.¹

Escort.—Fourth Missouri Cavalry, Company F, Lieut. Alexander Mueller.

First Brigade, Col. John B. Sanborn: Forty-eighth Indiana, Col. Norman Eddy; Fifty-ninth Indiana, Col. Jesse I. Alexander; Fourth Minnesota, Lieut. Col. John E. Tourtellotte; Eighteenth Wisconsin, Col. Gabriel Bouck.

Second Brigade, Col. Samuel A. Holmes, Col. Green B. Raum:² Fifty-sixth Illinois, Col. Green B. Raum, Capt. Pinckney J. Welsh; Seventeenth Iowa, Col. David B. Hillis, Col. Clark R. Wever, Maj. John F. Walden; Tenth Missouri, Maj. Francis C. Deimling; Twenty-fourth Missouri, Company E, Lieut. Daniel Driscoll; Eightieth Ohio, Col. Matthias H. Bartilson, Maj. Pren Metham.

Third Brigade, Col. George B. Boomer, Col. Holden Putnam,³ Brig. Gen. Charles L. Matthies:⁴ Ninety-third Illinois, Col. Holden Putnam, Lieut. Col. Nicholas C. Buswell, Col. Holden Putnam; Fifth Iowa, Lieut. Col. Ezekiel S. Sampson, Col. Jabez Ban-

¹ Assumed command June 3.

² Assumed command June 10.

³ Assumed command May 22.

⁴ Assumed command June 2.

bury; Tenth Iowa, Col. William E. Small; Twenty-sixth Missouri, Capt. Benjamin D. Dean.

Artillery, Capt. Frank C. Sands, Capt. Henry Dillon:¹ First Missouri Light, Battery M, Lieut. Junius W. MacMurray; Ohio Light, Eleventh Battery,² Lieut. Fletcher E. Armstrong; Wisconsin Light, Sixth Battery, Capt. Henry Dillon, Lieut. Samuel F. Clark; Wisconsin Light, Twelfth Battery, Capt. William Zickerick.

This division, under temporary command of Col. John B. Sanborn, left Millikens Bend April 21-25, and marched, via Richmond, Smith's plantation, and Hard Times Landing, to the point of embarkation, where it arrived May 1, and, with the exception of the Fifty-sixth Illinois Infantry, went on board transports and crossed to Bruinsburg. Here it rapidly disembarked and marched to the sound of the guns at Port Gibson, but was not engaged there. May 2 the division marched into Port Gibson, and Brig. Gen. M. M. Crocker assumed command. It crossed the south fork of Bayou Pierre in the afternoon in the advance of the corps and marched to the north fork of the same stream. The division crossed this stream next morning and moved, skirmishing with the enemy, to Hankinsons Ferry. May 5 a detachment under Colonel Boomer crossed the Big Black River and made a reconnoissance 5 miles toward Vicksburg. May 7 the division marched via Utica and reached Raymond May 12, but was not actively engaged in the battle near that place. At Jackson, May 14, the division was in advance on the Clinton road and drove the enemy from his defensive works. At Champions Hill, May 16, the division bore a conspicuous part. All the brigades were closely engaged; those of Holmes and Boomer (Second and Third) came to the support of Hovey at the critical time, turned the tide of battle, and suffered severe loss. May 17 General Quinby relieved General Crocker in the command of the division. Boomer's brigade arrived at Vicksburg May 19 and skirmished with the enemy. Sanborn's (First) brigade and Holmes's brigade (the latter having been left on the battlefield at Champions Hill) arrived on the 20th.

May 22 the division was in line of battle on the immediate left of Logan's division, but did not take an active part until after noon, when Sanborn's and Boomer's brigades were ordered to the support of Carr's division (Thirteenth Army Corps), 2 miles to the left. Sanborn's brigade moved against the enemy just north of the Baldwin's Ferry road, reinforcing Burbridge's brigade, there closely engaged. It held its position three hours under a heavy fire, retired under orders, and took from the ground a gun of the Chicago Mercantile Battery that had been pushed by hand within a few yards of the enemy's lunette. Boomer's brigade was ordered to assault the enemy's line between the Baldwin's Ferry road and the railroad. It advanced over the principal ridge, when its commander, Colonel Boomer, was killed while recon-

¹ Assumed command June 6.

² Temporarily attached to Kimball's division, Sixteenth Army Corps, June 6.

noitering and no further advance was made. The brigade was withdrawn after dark, bringing away its killed and wounded. Holmes' brigade was in reserve in the first position of the division, and late in the evening was ordered to the support of General Osterhaus, but was not engaged and returned the next day to its position with the division. During the siege the division held the left of the corps line of investment—Sanborn's brigade on the left, Holmes's brigade in the center, and Boomer's brigade on the right of the division line. Sanborn's brigade joined the expedition to Mechanicsburg May 26, and returned to Vicksburg June 4. June 24, Boomer's brigade, as part of the provisional division commanded by General McArthur, moved to the vicinity of Tiffin, intrenched, and remained to the end of the siege. Upon the removal of this brigade the ground vacated was occupied by Sanborn's brigade.

CASUALTIES.

Jackson, May 14, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Enlisted men captured or missing.	Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.		
First Brigade, Col. John B. Sanborn:						
Forty-eighth Indiana		2		9		11
Fifty-ninth Indiana			1	3		4
Fourth Minnesota				2		2
Eighteenth Wisconsin		2		18		20
Total First Brigade		4	1	32		37
Second Brigade, Col. Samuel A. Holmes:						
Fifty-sixth Illinois ¹						
Seventeenth Iowa	1	15	7	54	3	80
Tenth Missouri		10	2	63		75
Twelfth Missouri				9		9
Eightieth Ohio		4	3	44		51
Total Second Brigade	1	29	12	170	3	215
Third Brigade, Col. George B. Boomer:						
Ninety-third Illinois		1		6		7
Fifth Iowa				4		4
Tenth Iowa ²						
Twenty-sixth Missouri ²						
Total Third Brigade		1		10		11
Artillery:						
First Missouri Light Artillery, Battery M ²						
Ohio Light Artillery, Eleventh Battery ²						
Wisconsin Light Artillery, Sixth Battery				2		2
Wisconsin Light Artillery, Twelfth Battery ²						
Total artillery				2		2
Total Seventh Division	1	34	13	214	3	265
Cavalry:						
Second Illinois, Companies A and E ²						
Fourth Missouri, Company F ²						
Sixth Missouri		1		2		3
Ohio Fourth Independent Company ²						
Total cavalry		1		2		3
Total Seventeenth Army Corps	1	35	13	216	3	268
Grand total	2	40	14	237	7	300

¹ Detached.² No loss reported.

Officer killed: Lieut. John Inskeep, Seventeenth Iowa Infantry.

Champions Hill, May 16, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
First Brigade, Col. John B. Sanborn:							
Forty-eighth Indiana		3	2	33			38
Fifty-ninth Indiana		1		9			10
Fourth Minnesota			1	1			2
Eighteenth Wisconsin		1	2	3			6
Total First Brigade		5	5	46			56
Second Brigade, Col. Samuel A. Holmes:							
Fifty-sixth Illinois ¹							
Seventeenth Iowa		5	3	48		1	57
Tenth Missouri	1	6	3	32		3	45
Twenty-fourth Missouri, Company E				1			1
Eightieth Ohio ²							
Total Second Brigade	1	11	6	81		4	103
Third Brigade, Col. George B. Boomer:							
Ninety-third Illinois	1	37	6	107	1	10	162
Fifth Iowa	2	17	3	72			94
Tenth Iowa	3	33	6	125			167
Twenty-sixth Missouri	2	16	3	66			87
Total Third Brigade	8	103	18	370	1	10	510
Artillery:							
First Missouri Light, Battery M ²							
Ohio Light, Eleventh Battery ²							
Wisconsin Light, Sixth Battery				2			2
Wisconsin Light, Twelfth Battery ²							
Total Seventh Division	9	119	29	499	1	14	671
Total Seventeenth Army Corps	13	166	62	795	1	41	1,078

¹ Detached.² No loss reported.

RECAPITULATION.

Thirteenth Army Corps	14	217	46	941	3	142	1,363
Seventeenth Army Corps	13	166	62	795	1	41	1,078
Grand total	27	383	108	1,736	4	183	2,441

Officers killed: Capt. David Lloyd, Ninety-third Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Samuel B. Lindsay, Fifth Iowa Infantry; Lieut. Jerome Darling, Fifth Iowa Infantry; Capt. Stephen W. Poage, Tenth Iowa Infantry; Lieut. James H. Terry, Tenth Iowa Infantry; Lieut. Isaac H. Brown, Tenth Iowa Infantry; Lieut. Col. Leonidas Horney, Tenth Missouri Infantry; Maj. Charles F. Brown, Twenty-sixth Missouri Infantry; Capt. John Welker, Twenty-sixth Missouri Infantry.

Officer died of wounds: Lieut. Thomas M. Lee, Twenty-sixth Missouri Infantry

Vicksburg, May 19, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Ninety-third Illinois				3			3
Twenty-sixth Missouri		2					2
Total Seventh Division		2		3			5
Total Seventeenth Army Corps		16	10	103			129
Grand total	10	147	65	712	1	7	942

Vicksburg, May 22, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
First Brigade, Col. John B. Sanborn:							
Forty-eighth Indiana		8	1	23		1	33
Fifty-ninth Indiana	1	10	4	95		1	111
Fourth Minnesota	1	11	7	35			54
Eighteenth Wisconsin		5	2	9			16
Total First Brigade	2	34	14	162		2	214
Second Brigade, Col. Samuel A. Holmes:							
Fifty-sixth Illinois		1	1	2			4
Seventeenth Iowa				5			5
Tenth Missouri				3			3
Total Second Brigade		1	1	10			12
Third Brigade, Col. George B. Boomer, ¹ Col. Holden Putnam:							
Ninety-third Illinois		4	1	50			55
Fifth Iowa		3		18			21
Tenth Iowa		2	2	24			28
Twenty-sixth Missouri	1	4		5			10
Total Third Brigade	1	13	3	97			114
Total Seventh Division	3	48	18	269		2	340
Total Seventeenth Army Corps	15	135	54	826		36	1,066

RECAPITULATION.

Thirteenth Army Corps	10	192	68	936	1	68	1,275
Fifteenth Army Corps	12	138	51	615		42	858
Seventeenth Army Corps	15	135	54	826		36	1,066
Grand total	37	465	173	2,377	1	146	3,199

¹ Killed.

Officers killed: Lieut. Marcus B. C. Tripp, Fifty-ninth Indiana Infantry; Lieut. George G. Sherbrook, Fourth Minnesota Infantry; Col. George B. Boomer, Twenty-sixth Missouri Infantry.

Officers died of wounds: Lieut. Clark Turner, Fourth Minnesota Infantry; Capt. Henry Newton, Seventeenth Iowa Infantry; Lieut. William H. Alban, Eighteenth Wisconsin Infantry.

Herron's division.—Maj. Gen. FRANCIS J. HERRON.

First Brigade, Brig. Gen. William Vandever: Thirty-seventh Illinois, Col. John C. Black; Twenty-sixth Indiana, Col. John G. Clark; Twentieth Iowa, Col. William McE. Dye; Thirty-fourth Iowa, Col. George W. Clark; Thirty-eighth Iowa, Col. D. Henry Hughes; First Missouri Light Artillery, Battery E, Capt. Nelson Cole; First Missouri Light Artillery, Battery F, Capt. Joseph Foust.

Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. William W. Orme: Ninety-fourth Illinois, Col. John McNulta; Nineteenth Iowa, Lieut. Col. Daniel Kent; Twentieth Wisconsin, Col. Henry Bertram; First Missouri Light Artillery, Battery B, Capt. Martin Wellfley.

This division arrived, June 13, at Youngs Point on transports from the Department of the Missouri, and took position, June 15, on the extreme left of the investment line, its right connecting with the left of Lauman's division, on or near the Halls Ferry road, and its left resting on the Mississippi River, below Vicksburg. Orme's (Second)

brigade held the right and Vandever's (First) brigade the left of the division line. The reported loss of the division from June 15 to July 4, inclusive, as shown by the official reports of commanding officers, and not included in the casualty tables, was 5 enlisted men killed, 1 officer and 15 enlisted men wounded. A short parallel was completed 200 yards from the enemy's line, and an approach started from it against the redoubt immediately west of the Warrenton road. This approach was 100 yards from the enemy's ditch at the surrender.

Unattached cavalry, Col. Cyrus Bussey: Fifth Illinois, Maj. Thomas A. Apperson; Third Iowa (6 companies), Maj. Oliver H. P. Scott; Second Wisconsin, Col. Thomas Stephens.

Two of the regiments in this command (Fifth Illinois Cavalry and Third Iowa Cavalry) seem to have been at Helena, Ark., May 29. The other regiment (Second Wisconsin Cavalry) was at Memphis, Tenn., at that time. A detachment of the Fifth Illinois participated in a skirmish at Mechanicsburg June 4. Colonel Bussey's headquarters was at Haynes Bluff. June 26 he was sent by General Sherman toward Mechanicsburg. June 29 he was ordered by General Sherman to mass his command on Bear Creek, and was charged to especially watch the lower Benton road and the ford below Birdsong. First Lieut. W. M. Wilson (Forty-third Tennessee Infantry, Confederate), reports the capture, June 25, at Ellisville, Miss., of Captain Mann, a first lieutenant, and 35 enlisted men, all of the Fifth Illinois Cavalry. June 25 three companies of the Fifth Illinois, under Major Farnam, joined the expedition from Snyders Bluff to Greenville, commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Nasmith, Twenty-fifth Wisconsin Infantry.

District Northeast Louisiana.—Brig. Gen. ELIAS S. DENNIS.

Detached brigade, Col. George W. Neely: Sixty-third Illinois, Col. Joseph B. McCown; One hundred and eighth Illinois, Lieut. Col. Charles Turner; One hundred and twentieth Illinois, Col. George W. McKeaig; One hundred and thirty-first Illinois, Col. George W. Neeley, Maj. Joseph L. Purvis; Tenth Illinois Cavalry, companies A, D, G, and K, Maj. Elvis P. Shaw.

African Brigade, Col. Isaac F. Shepard: Post of Millikens Bend, La., Col. Hiram Schofield: Eighth Louisiana, Col. Hiram Schofield; Ninth Louisiana, Col. Herman Lieb, Maj. Erastus N. Owen, Lieut. Col. Charles J. Paine; Eleventh Louisiana, Col. Edwin W. Chamberlain, Lieut. Col. Cyrus Sears; Thirteenth Louisiana, Lieut. H. Knoll; First Mississippi, Lieut. Col. A. Watson Webber; Third Mississippi, Col. Richard H. Ballinger. Post of Goodrichs Landing, La., Col. William F. Wood: First Arkansas, Lieut. Col. James W. Campbell; Tenth Louisiana, Lieut. Col. Frederick M. Crandall.

The troops enumerated in this command appear to have been assembled from time to time between May 19 and June 12 and their selection determined by necessity or convenience. No orders of assignment either for the regiments or for the district or brigade commanders

appear in the Official Records. The command included a brigade of colored troops in process of organization during the siege. In connection with the two regiments composing General Reid's brigade of the Sixth Division, Seventeenth Army Corps, and, after about June 10, Mower's brigade, Third Division, Fifteenth Army Corps, the command guarded the Louisiana shore of the Mississippi River from Lake Providence to the landing below Vicksburg. At Millikens Bend, June 7, the Twenty-third Iowa Infantry was present and bore the brunt of the fighting on the Federal side. The Ninth and Eleventh Louisiana Infantry (colored) were the other regiments engaged. The loss (not given in the casualty tables) was 11 officers and 90 enlisted men killed, 17 officers and 268 enlisted men wounded, 2 officers and 264 enlisted men captured or missing—26 of the killed and 60 of the wounded belonging to the Twenty-third Iowa. The gunboats *Choc-taw* and *Lexington* assisted in repulsing the attack of the enemy. At Lake Providence, June 9, 300 of the Eighth Louisiana Regiment (colored) were present and assisted General Reid's force in repulsing an attack.

Mississippi Marine Brigade.—Brig. Gen. ALFRED W. ELLETT.

This was a semi-independent command, consisting of artillery, infantry, and cavalry, and a fleet for their transportation. At its organization in April, 1862, it consisted of about 350 officers and men, including boat crews, using nine small light-armored boats, mostly fitted as rams. One of these vessels was captured and one sunk by the enemy before the beginning of the Vicksburg campaign. The brigade was in the vicinity of Vicksburg at the opening of the campaign and for some time previously, but April 5, by direction of Admiral Porter, went to the Tennessee River. Returning, it reached the fleet above Vicksburg May 29. June 14 the brigade joined General Mower's expedition to Richmond, La., and skirmished with the enemy, losing 3 wounded. Under date of June 20 Admiral Porter reported that two 12-pounder rifled howitzers, placed by the brigade on the Louisiana side, had much annoyed the enemy for two or three days. The night of June 19, by order of General Ellett, work was begun on a casemate fort on the point opposite the city of Vicksburg. The fort was completed in four days, being covered with one thickness of railroad iron. A 20-pounder Parrott gun was placed in it and fire opened on the city the morning of June 23. The enemy promptly responded, firing 77 rounds from five different guns. The fort was further strengthened by adding another thickness of railroad iron. Fire from the Parrott gun in it was maintained until the end of the siege, 98 rounds in all being fired. Considerable damage to the enemy, especially by stopping work at his foundry and machine shop, was done. The fort was repeatedly struck, but without material damage to it

and without loss to the brigade. The fort was erected and the gun put in position under the direction of Lieut. Col. George E. Currie. The gun was commanded and sighted by Captain Groshon in person. June 25-30 a detachment of the brigade, on the steamer *John Rains*, formed part of an expedition to Greenville, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel Nasmith, Twenty-fifth Wisconsin Infantry. June 30 the brigade lost at Goodrichs Landing, 1 officer (Captain Wright), killed.

A ruling of the Judge-Advocate-General, dated June 11, 1863, seems to make this brigade "a special contingent and portion of the Army, and not of the Navy," but as late as July 23 General Grant wrote "They [the officers and men of the Marine Brigade] are not subject to my orders."

PORTER'S FLEET.

Rear-Admiral DAVID D. PORTER.

The campaign and siege of Vicksburg is the only great operation of the civil war in which there was active, continuous, and successful cooperation between the two arms of the service. General Grant is authority for the statement that without the assistance of the Navy the campaign undertaken by his army could not have been successfully made with twice the number of men engaged and would not have been contemplated.

The most perfect harmony existed between the commanding officers of the respective branches of the service, and the navy rendered all possible aid throughout the campaign. Its first important duty was to provide supplies, ammunition, and means of ferriage at a point below Vicksburg. To accomplish this it was necessary to run by the river batteries, consisting of 31 pieces of heavy artillery and 13 of light, occupying commanding positions along more than four miles of shore line. The vessels selected for this service were given such added protection as could be devised with logs of wood and bales of wet hay, and, with lights out and every precaution against being seen or heard, started from the mouth of the Yazoo River at 9.15 p. m. April 16, in the following order: The flagship *Benton* with the tug *Ivy* lashed alongside, the *Lafayette* and the ram *General Price* lashed together, the *Louisville*, *Mound City*, *Pittsburg*, *Carondelet*, and *Tuscumbia*—the transports *Silver Wave*, *Forest Queen*, and *Henry Clay*, laden with stores, being just in advance of the *Tuscumbia*. Each vessel except the *Benton* had a barge of coal lashed to her starboard side. They were successively under fire nearly an hour, and although repeatedly struck by heavy missiles, all except the transport *Henry Clay* (which was burned and sunk), anchored safely below Warrenton at about 2 a. m. April 17. During the passage 1 officer and 15 men

were wounded. The gunboats fired shell and grape while passing the town and the main batteries, the crews working their guns without light on the deck.

April 29 after the advance divisions of the army had reached the west bank of the Mississippi River at Perkins' plantation, Louisiana, the *Benton*, *Lafayette*, *Louisville*, *Tuscumbia*, *Mound City*, *Carondelet*, and *Pittsburg* made a gallant attempt to silence the batteries of the enemy at Grand Gulf, recently very strongly fortified. The engagement began about 8 a. m. and continued for five hours. Every vessel was struck repeatedly and some of them considerably injured, although none were seriously disabled. Failing fully to accomplish the undertaking, the vessels moved out of range, but renewed the attack about 7 p. m. for the purpose of permitting the transport fleet, now augmented by five that were sent down from above during the night of April 22, to pass the batteries, after which they were joined below by the armed vessels. The loss was 1 officer and 18 men killed, 6 officers and 50 men wounded.

April 30 and May 1 the gunboats and transports carried the Thirtieth Army Corps and two divisions of the Seventeenth across the river, landing them at Bruinsburg. Later they carried Ransom's and Hall's brigades of the Seventeenth Corps and the Fifteenth Corps to the east bank of the river. This service of the navy was an indispensable condition of General Grant's plan of campaign. He was thereby enabled to turn the enemy's flank and begin the series of operations which resulted in the capture of Pemberton's army and the city of Vicksburg. April 30 an attack was made upon the fortifications of the enemy at Haynes Bluff by a naval squadron under command of Lieut. Commander K. A. Breese, consisting of the *Tyler*, *Choctaw*, *De Kalb*, *Signal*, *Romeo*, *Linden*, *Petrel*, and *Blackhawk*, with three 13-inch mortars in tow of tugs. This attack was made by order of General Grant as a feint to cover his operations below, and in conjunction with a demonstration on the land by Blair's division of the Fifteenth Army Corps under the personal direction of General Sherman. The navy was under fire for three and one-half hours on April 30 and renewed the attack May 1 without loss on either day.

May 18, upon hearing firing in the rear of Vicksburg, Admiral Porter sent Lieutenant-Commander Breese, with the *De Kalb*, *Choctaw*, *Linden*, *Romeo*, *Petrel*, and *Forest Rose*, up the Yazoo River, and succeeded in opening communication with General Grant and furnishing a much-needed supply of provisions. Lieutenant-Commander Walker, on the *De Kalb*, pushed on up to Haynes Bluff, which had been evacuated by the enemy and was in the hands of a detachment of the Fourth Iowa Cavalry. A large quantity of military stores and equipage, including 13 heavy guns, was found there and taken possession of by the navy.

May 20, Lieut. Commander John G. Walker, with the *De Kalb*, *Choctaw*, *Forest Rose*, *Linden*, and *Petrel*, left Snyders Bluff for an expedition to Yazoo City, which was reached, May 21, and found evacuated. Three vessels in process of construction were destroyed, with material, shops, and machinery, and 115 soldiers in hospital were captured and paroled. The expedition returned to the mouth of the Yazoo May 23. At Liverpool Landing the fleet was fired upon by a masked force of field guns and riflemen, losing 1 man killed and 8 wounded.

In response to a request from General Grant, the *Benton*, *Mound City*, *Carondelet*, and *Tusculumbia* were ordered by Admiral Porter, May 22, to attack the batteries of the enemy on the river front. The attack was made upon the hill and water batteries below the city, and was vigorously sustained for two hours and until nearly noon, a number of the enemy's batteries being temporarily silenced. The vessels were repeatedly struck but not disabled. The fleet lost 1 officer and 3 men wounded.

May 24, Lieut. Commander John G. Walker, with the *De Kalb*, *Sig-nal*, *Forest Rose*, *Linden*, and *Petrel*, started on a second expedition up the Yazoo River. With the three boats last-named he pushed on to within 15 miles of Fort Pemberton and burned four of the enemy's steamers. In a skirmish next morning 2 men on the *Petrel* were wounded. Three more of the enemy's steamers were burned in tributary bayous on the return to the mouth of the Yazoo, which was reached May 31.

May 27, at 8 a. m., the *Benton*, *Mound City*, *Carondelet*, and *Sterling Price* renewed the attack on the lower batteries of the enemy along the river front. The engagement lasted an hour and fifteen minutes, with slight injury to the boats and no loss to the crews. At the same time an attack was made by the *Cincinnati*, from above Vicksburg, upon the batteries at that end of the enemy's line. She was repeatedly struck by heavy missiles, her masts and flagstaff were soon shot away, and she was fatally injured by plunging shots from the hills. Running to the north shore of the great bend, the *Cincinnati* sunk in 18 feet of water, her flag still floating from the stump of the mast, where it had been nailed during action. The loss was 3 men killed, 16 wounded (2 mortally), 1 captured and paroled, 14 drowned; total, 34. Lieut. George M. Bache, commanding the *Cincinnati*, and the other officers and men of the vessel were highly commended for coolness and bravery by Admiral Porter, by General Sherman, who witnessed the engagement, and by the Secretary of the Navy.

During the entire campaign the navy was alert in patrolling the river, preventing communication with the enemy, and assisting the land forces whenever possible. It rendered efficient service in the attack upon Millikens Bend and Youngs Point, June 7, and again in the attack at

Goodrich's Landing June 29, but after May 27 little occurred aside from the routine of siege operations. In the latter the mortar boats, under command of Gunner Eugene Mack, and later of Ensign Miller, bore an important part. Anchored in front of the city, under the east bank of the western channel of the river, for forty-two days and nights the 11 and 13-inch shells from these boats were continually falling in all parts of the beleaguered territory, and proved both annoying and demoralizing. Thirteen heavy cannon, from 32-pounder to 9-inch guns, were landed from the fleet and placed in position along the investment line. Lieut. Commander T. O. Selfridge, Acting Masters C. B. Dahlgren and T. F. Reed, and as many officers and men as could be spared were sent with the guns. In addition, three heavy guns, a 10-inch, 9-inch, and 100-pounder rifle, under the command of Lieutenant-Commander Ramsay, were placed on scows in front of the city and north of the mortar fleet, enfilading the enemy's defenses in front of General Sherman's fleet.

The entire loss of the navy during the campaign and siege, as shown by the official reports, was 1 officer and 22 men killed, 8 officers and 94 men wounded, 1 man captured, and 14 men drowned; total, 140.

General summary of casualties in the Union forces during the operations against Vicksburg, May 1-July 4, 1863.

[Compiled from nominal lists of casualties, returns, etc.]

Engagements, etc.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Battle of Port Gibson, Thompsons Hill, or Magnolia Church, May 1.....	1	130	44	675	.....	25	875
Skirmish on the south fork of Bayou Pierre, May 2.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Skirmishes on the north fork of Bayou Pierre, at Willow Springs, Ingrahams Heights, Jones Cross Roads, Forty Hills, and Hankinsons Ferry, May 3.....	.....	1	1	8	.....	.....	10
Engagement at Raymond, May 12.....	7	58	17	321	2	35	440
Skirmish on Fourteenmile Creek, May 12.....	.....	6	.....	24	.....	.....	30
Engagement at Jackson, May 14.....	2	40	14	237	.....	7	300
Battle of Champions Hill or Bakers Creek, May 16.....	27	383	108	1,736	4	183	2,441
Engagement at Big Black River Bridge, May 17.....	3	36	16	221	.....	3	279
Skirmish at Bridgeport, May 17.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
Skirmishes about Vicksburg, May 18, 20, and 21.....	3	40	14	180	.....	2	239
Assault on Vicksburg, May 19.....	10	147	65	712	1	7	942
Assault on Vicksburg, May 22.....	37	465	173	2,877	1	146	3,199
Siege of Vicksburg, May 23 to July 4.....	8	96	20	399	1	6	530
Skirmish at Liverpool Landing, near Yazoo City, May 23.....	.....	1	.....	3	.....	.....	4
Skirmish at Mechanicsburg, May 24.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
Skirmish at Mechanicsburg, May 29.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	4
Skirmish at Mechanicsburg, June 4.....	.....	2	.....	10	.....	.....	12
Skirmish at Birdsong Ferry, June 12.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
Skirmish at Birdsong Ferry, June 18.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
Action at Hill's plantation, near Bear Creek, June 22.....	.....	10	1	8	1	27	47
Skirmish at Edwards Station, July 1.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2
Total.....	98	1,415	474	6,920	10	443	9,360

Officers killed in skirmishes May 18, 20, and 21, 1863: Capt. Henry M. Kellogg, Thirty-third Illinois Infantry; Lieut. Alexander C. Atchison, Ninety-seventh Illinois Infantry; Capt. Theodore Weller, Seventeenth Missouri Infantry.

Officers died of wounds received May 18, 20, and 21, 1863: Capt. James W. Lavigne, Thielemann's battalion, Illinois Cavalry; Lieut. Andrew J. McFarlane, Twenty-third Wisconsin Infantry.

Officer died of wounds received at Hill's plantation, June 22, 1863: Lieut. Joshua Gardner, Fourth Iowa Cavalry.

Officers killed during the siege (May 23-July 4, 1863):

Illinois—Capt. Enos McPhail, Third Cavalry; Capt. Henry A. Rogers, Battery D, First Light Artillery; Capt. George W. Bradley, Fifteenth Infantry; Capt. Leander B. Fisk, Forty-fifth Infantry; Lieut. Andrew E. Walbright, Fifty-sixth Infantry; Lieut. Julius A. Pratt, One hundred and twenty-fourth Infantry.

Missouri—Lieut. Daniel W. McBride, Seventh Infantry.

Ohio—Lieut. Charles Luther, Seventy-sixth Infantry.

Officers died of wounds received during the siege:

Illinois—Lieut. James M. Moore, Seventeenth Infantry; Lieut. Col. John D. Rees, Thirty-first Infantry; Capt. Levi B. Casey, Thirty-first Infantry; Lieut. Col. Melancthon Smith, Forty-fifth Infantry; Lieut. Peter J. Williams, Seventy-sixth Infantry; Lieut. Henry Miers, Eighty-first Infantry.

Indiana—Capt. William M. Darrough, Twenty-third Infantry.

Michigan—Capt. Samuel De Golyer, Eighth Battery.

Missouri—Col. Andrew J. Weber, Eleventh Infantry; Col. Francis Hassendeubel, Seventeenth Infantry.

Regulars—Lieut. Charles Wilkins, First United States Infantry.

ORGANIZATION OF THE CONFEDERATE ARMY OF VICKSBURG,
LIEUT. GEN. JOHN C. PEMBERTON COMMANDING, JULY 4,
1863.

This organization comprises only that part of the force under General Pemberton, as commander of the Department of Mississippi and Eastern Louisiana, which was surrendered by him at the close of the defense of Vicksburg, and the commanding officers given are those indicated by the paroles. Neither Loring's division nor Gregg's brigade is included, although both commands were engaged, under direction of General Pemberton, in battles of the campaign.

Stevenson's division.—Maj. Gen. C. L. STEVENSON.

First Brigade, Brig. Gen. S. M. Barton: Fortieth Georgia, Lieut. Col. R. M. Young; Forty-first Georgia, Col. William E. Curtiss; Forty-second Georgia, Col. R. J. Henderson; Forty-third Georgia, Capt. M. M. Grantham; Fifty-second Georgia, Maj. John Jay Moore; Hudson's (Mississippi) battery, Lieut. Milton H. Trantham; Pointe Coupee (Louisiana) Artillery, Company A (section), Lieut. John Yoist; Pointe Coupee (Louisiana) Artillery, Company C, Capt. Alexander Chust.

Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Alfred Cumming: Thirty-fourth Georgia, Col. James A. W. Johnson; Thirty-sixth Georgia, Maj. Charles E. Broyles; Thirty-ninth Georgia, Lieut. Col. J. F. B. Jackson; Fifty-sixth Georgia, Lieut. Col. J. T. Slaughter; Fifty-seventh Georgia, Col. William Barkuloo; Cherokee (Georgia) Artillery, Capt. M. Van Den Corput.

Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. S. D. Lee: Twentieth Alabama, Col. Edmund W. Pettus; Twenty-third Alabama, Col. F. K. Beck; Thirtieth Alabama, Capt. John C. Francis; Thirty-first Alabama, Lieut. Col. T. M. Arrington; Forty-sixth Alabama, Capt. George E. Brewer; Alabama Battery, Capt. J. F. Waddell.

Fourth Brigade, Col. A. W. Reynolds: Third Tennessee (provisional army), Col. N. J. Lillard; Thirty-ninth Tennessee,¹ Col. William M. Bradford; Forty-third Tennessee, Col. James W. Gillespie; Fifty-ninth Tennessee, Col. William L. Eakin; Third Maryland Battery, Capt. John B. Rowan.

Waul's Texas Legion, Col. T. N. Waul: First Battalion (infantry), Maj. Eugene S. Bolling; Second Battalion (infantry), Lieut. Col. James Wrigley; cavalry battalion, Lieut. Thomas J. Cleveland; artillery company, Capt. J. Q. Wall.

Attached: First Tennessee Cavalry (Carter's regiment), Company C, Capt. R. S. Vandyke; Botetourt (Virginia) Artillery, Lieut. James P. Wright; Signal Corps, Lieut. C. H. Barrott.

This division was in position, April 24, between Warrenton and the lower works at Vicksburg. It furnished one brigade (Tracy's) at the battle of Port Gibson, May 1. May 7 the division was on the Hall's

¹ Paroled as the Thirty-first Regiment, and so known prior to June, 1863.

Ferry road to Warrenton, and on the 11th joined Bowen in the advance. May 15 it reached a position on the Raymond road a few miles east of Edwards Depot. At Champions Hill, May 16, Barton's (First) brigade was, after the withdrawal of Reynolds's brigade to guard the division train, on the right of the division line as first formed. It remained inactive, save an occasional change of position, till near noon, when it moved at double quick to the left to support General Lee. It was then on the left of the division line, and in this position was sharply engaged with the enemy, by whom it was nearly surrounded. It fell back in some confusion, crossed Bakers Creek at the bridge on the middle Raymond road, and held that position until the army had crossed at the ford below. After the withdrawal of Reynolds' brigade to guard the train, Cumming's (Second)¹ brigade held the center of the division line, May 16, and was formed on two sides of a right angle, the right wing facing nearly east and the left wing nearly north. One regiment and four companies of another formed the left wing. In this position the brigade received the first attack of the enemy, which was delivered near the angle, broke the brigade line and compelled it to fall back in some confusion. A portion of the brigade rallied and assisted in resisting the enemy until about 4 p. m., when it joined the retreat across Bakers Creek at the lower ford and bridge. Lee's (Third)² brigade held the left of the division line as formed after the withdrawal of Reynolds, and faced east. By 8 o'clock a. m. its skirmishers were engaged on both the Clinton and Raymond roads. About 9 o'clock a. m. the brigade marched, under fire and by successive movements, by the left flank about a half mile, filed left, marched nearly due west for a little over the length of the brigade, and formed line of battle facing north. The enemy's attack fell upon the brigade in this position, which it maintained for some time. When forced to fall back, it formed on a parallel ridge south of its former position, and, later, formed line again south of the Raymond road. At the close of the battle it crossed Bakers Creek by the lower ford and bridge. General Lee had three horses shot under him. The division commander reported:

It was the fortune of General Lee to open and bear the brunt of the battle of Bakers Creek.

Early in the morning of May 16 Reynolds's (Fourth) brigade left its position at the left of the division line and marched toward Brownsville as guard of the division train. The train was parked some distance west of Bakers Creek and remained there until 3 o'clock p. m., when it moved toward Edwards Depot under guard of two regiments of infantry and a section of artillery. The remainder of the brigade

¹ Called Third Brigade in official reports of brigade commander.

² Called Second Brigade in official reports of brigade commander.

started for Bakers Creek bridge in response to a call from General Barton for reinforcements. On approaching the bridge his troops were found in retreat and Colonel Reynolds was ordered to fall back to Edwards Depot. The rapid advance of the enemy, however, separated him from the retreating army, and he successfully crossed the Big Black River with the train at Bridgeport. At Big Black River Bridge, May 17, the division was on the west side of the river, and at 10 a. m. was ordered to retreat to the fortifications around Vicksburg, which were reached by the head of the column about 3 o'clock p. m. May 18 the division took position in the line of defense, resting its left at the railroad, connecting with General Forney's right, and its right at the redoubt on the west side of the Warrenton road. It was also held responsible for the defense of the river front for an indefinite distance between its right and the city of Vicksburg. Barton's brigade held the right, Reynolds's the right-center, Cumming's the left-center, and Lee's the left of the division line. The assault of the enemy, May 22, fell heavily upon the left of the division line, being especially directed against the railroad redoubt at its extreme left. The ditch and outer face of the parapet were occupied by the enemy and a small party entered the redoubt, but was soon compelled to retire to the outer slope of the parapet. The redoubt remained unoccupied several hours, but was retaken late in the afternoon by a detachment from Waul's Texas Legion. The division maintained the position above indicated to the end of the siege. Saps were pushed by the enemy against the railroad redoubt, Fort Garrott, and the salient redoubt immediately east of the Halls Ferry road. These were resisted by countermines, and in several instances by sorties made by detachments from Cumming's and Reynolds' brigades.

Leaving 300 of his troops at Fort Pemberton, Colonel Waul moved, May 4, to Snyder's Mill with the remainder of the Texas Legion. May 14 he reported to General Baldwin at Whittaker's, on the Hall's Ferry road. Colonel Waul reports that the portion of the legion which entered the city, May 17, and was present during the defense, consisted of eleven companies of infantry, one company of cavalry, a detachment of mounted scouts, a battalion of zouaves attached to the command, and Captain Wall's battery of artillery—the latter being ordered to report to General Forney, under whose command it remained during the defense. The afternoon of May 19, by order, the command reported to General Stevenson and was placed in the rear of General Lee's brigade, that being the most assailable and threatened point on General Stevenson's line. May 22 two companies of the legion, under command of Maj. O. Steele, were sent to support the troops in the railroad redoubt, and later volunteered to recapture the work after its temporary abandonment. A detachment consisting of about one-half of each company, under Capt. L. Bradley and Lieut.

J. Hogue, was accepted, and, accompanied by Lieut. Col. E. W. Pettus, Twentieth Alabama, retook the redoubt, captured a stand of colors, and sent it to Colonel Waul, by whom it was transmitted to General Lee with a note. During the defense the command was distributed in the rifle pits and forts, forming nightly scouting parties, parties of reconnoissance, and supporting the working parties and pickets. Colonel Waul reported Assistant Adjutant-General Popendieck and Aid-de-Camp Simmons killed May 22, but their names do not appear in the official list, "Officers reported killed."

The Botetourt (Virginia) Artillery was closely engaged at Port Gibson, May 1, where it lost 4 of its guns. At the battle of Champions Hill, May 16, its 2 remaining guns were posted on top of the hill near the angle in the line of Cumming's brigade. They were captured early in the battle by the advance of McGinnis' brigade, which broke the line at the angle.

CASUALTIES.

Port Gibson, May 1, 1863.

Command.	Killed.	Wounded.	Missing.	Total.
First Brigade (Barton's) ¹	18	20	142	272
Second Brigade (Tracy's).....	18	132	142	292
Total Stevenson's division.....	18	132	142	292

¹ One section of Hudson's (Mississippi) battery only from this brigade was engaged at Port Gibson.

Officer killed: Brig. Gen. E. D. Tracy, commanding brigade.

Officer died of wounds: Maj. A. S. Pickering, Twentieth Alabama Infantry.

Champions Hill, May 16, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Captured or missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Division staff.....	1						1
Barton's brigade.....	3	55	11	95	28	709	901
Cumming's brigade.....	7	114	16	253	16	589	995
Lee's brigade.....	2	42	9	133	24	580	790
A. W. Reynolds's brigade.....						² 152	152
Waddell's battery.....		9		10		5	24
Total Stevenson's division.	13	220	36	491	68	2,035	2,863

² Including losses (12) at Big Black River.

Officers killed: Maj. Joseph W. Anderson, division chief of artillery, formerly of Botetourt (Virginia) Battery; Col. S. Harris Forty-third Georgia Infantry; Lieut. E. Ellis, adjutant Forty-first Georgia Infantry; Lieut. William E. C. Wilson, Thirty-sixth Georgia Infantry; Lieut. J. M. Brotherton, Thirty-ninth Georgia Infantry; Lieuts. Thos. J. Dyson, Washington Hobbs, and V. C. Manning, Fifty-seventh Georgia Infantry.

Officers died of wounds: Lieut. J. M. Bates, Thirty-ninth Georgia Infantry; Lieut. S. T. Moore, Fifty-sixth Georgia Infantry.

Defense of Vicksburg.

Command.	Killed.			Wounded.			Captured or missing.			Aggregate.	Remarks.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.		
Barton's brigade	---	6	6	---	20	20	---	5	5	31	Stevenson's report. ^a
Cumming's brigade	1	21	22	4	70	74	---	---	---	96	
Lee's brigade	3	67	70	10	137	147	1	6	7	224	
A. W. Reynolds's brigade	4	10	14	---	25	25	1	13	14	53	
Waddell's battery	---	9	9	2	28	30	---	---	---	39	
Texas Legion	10	87	47	37	153	190	1	7	8	245	Waul's report.
Total Stevenson's division	18	150	168	53	433	486	3	31	34	688	

^a Covering May 12-June 13.

Officers reported killed: Cumming's brigade—Thirty-ninth Georgia, Lieut. J. R. Redmond; Lee's brigade—Twentieth Alabama, Col. Isham W. Garrott; Forty-sixth Alabama, Lieuts. J. K. P. Cotton and J. T. House; Reynolds's brigade—Third Tennessee, Maj. J. C. Boyd, Capt. B. F. Gaddis, and Lieut. J. H. Cody; Forty-third Tennessee, Capt. Sterling T. Turner, Lieut. Wilson Klepper, and Asst. Surg. W. B. Johnson; Third Maryland Battery, Capt. F. O. Claiborne; Waul's Texas Legion—Maj. Allen Cameron, Capts. Samuel Carter and J. A. Ledbetter, Asst. Adj. Gen. Louis Popendeck, and Aid-de-Camp Simmons.

Forney's division.—Maj. Gen. JOHN H. FORNEY.

Hébert's brigade, Brig. Gen. Louis Hébert: Third Louisiana, Maj. David Pierson; Twenty-first Louisiana, Lieut. Col. J. T. Plattsmier; Thirty-sixth Mississippi, Col. W. W. Witherspoon; Thirty-seventh Mississippi, Col. O. S. Holland; Thirty-eighth Mississippi, Capt. D. B. Seal; Forty-third Mississippi, Col. Richard Harrison; Seventh Mississippi Battalion, Capt. A. M. Dozier; Second Alabama Artillery Battalion, Company C, Lieut. John R. Sclater; Appeal (Arkansas) Battery, Lieut. R. N. Cotton.

Moore's brigade, Brig. Gen. John C. Moore: Thirty-seventh Alabama, Col. J. F. Dowdell; Fortieth Alabama, Col. John H. Higley; Forty-second Alabama, Col. John W. Portis; First Mississippi Light Artillery,¹ Col. William T. Withers; Thirty-fifth Mississippi, Lieut. Col. C. R. Jordan; Fortieth Mississippi, Col. W. B. Colbert; Second Texas, Col. Ashbel Smith; Alabama Battery, Capt. H. H. Sengstack; Pointe Coupee (Louisiana) Artillery, Company B, Capt. William A. Davidson.

This division, previously commanded by Maj. Gen. Dabney H. Maury, was placed under command of General Forney April 17. At this date it occupied the line along the Yazoo River from Haynes Bluff to the Mississippi River, including the approach by Chickasaw Bayou. April 30 the division met the feint attack of General Sherman and the gunboats at Haynes Bluff. The brigade of General Hébert remained in this position to May 17, occupying the entire line above indicated after the withdrawal, May 2, of General Moore's brigade to the vicinity of Warrenton. May 18 the division took position in the center of the line of defense, connecting on its left with M. L. Smith's division at the graveyard road and with that of Stevenson at the railroad on its right. Moore's brigade held the right and Hébert's the left of the division line. Twenty-seven pieces of artillery, mostly light, were in

¹ Batteries A, C, D, E, G, and I. Battery L (Vaiden Artillery), reported in Higgins's command, and Batteries B, F, and K, at Port Hudson, La.

position on its line. Three or four siege guns were added later. May 19 three regiments and one battalion of Hébert's brigade repelled three several attacks on the left, two colors of the enemy being abandoned within 10 feet of the works, but not taken on account of the severe fire of the enemy's sharpshooters. May 22 the left of Hébert's brigade, at and near the graveyard road, again sustained three distinct and serious assaults, and repulsed each with severe loss to the enemy. May 22 the center of the division, immediately on right and left of the Jackson road, was twice vigorously assaulted. The enemy succeeded in getting into the ditch here, but was driven out with loss by Hébert's right regiment, assisted by Moore's left and by the Sixth Missouri, of Cockrell's brigade. During the day two determined assaults, one at 10 o'clock a. m. and one late in the afternoon, were made on the right of Moore's line, and especially directed against the salient lunette immediately south of the Baldwins Ferry road and the earthworks adjacent to it. The afternoon assault was the more determined, the enemy coming up and even into the outer ditch of the lunette, but being finally repelled by its defenders, the Second Texas, assisted by the Forty-second Alabama on the right and the Thirty-seventh Alabama on the left. Two stands of colors fell into the hands of the Second Texas.

June 2, Green's brigade, Bowen's division, was interposed between the left of Forney and M. L. Smith's right, thereby shortening Hébert's line, which closed to the right and rested its left about midway between the graveyard road and Glass Bayou. June 8, Lieutenant-Colonel Russell, Third Louisiana, succeeded in burning the cotton bales placed on a car, under cover of which the enemy had been advancing his works on the Jackson road. The cotton was fired by wrapping musket balls in tow steeped in turpentine and firing them into the bales. The enemy pushed an approach close against the redan immediately north of the Jackson road, and ran a mine under the parapet. The mine was fired, June 25, and the enemy occupied the crater made by the explosion. A parapet immediately in its rear was gallantly and successfully defended by the Third Louisiana and supporting regiments. July 1 another mine was fired at the same point, but the enemy made no attempt to occupy the new crater, and gained no advantage except the partial destruction of the redan. The enemy also made close approaches against the lunette on the Baldwins Ferry road, which were resisted and much retarded by burning his sap rollers and by countermines.

Return of casualties in Forney's division during the siege of Vicksburg.

[Compiled from nominal lists of casualties, returns, etc.]

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Enlisted men missing.	Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.		
Hébert's brigade:						
Staff	1		1			2
Third Louisiana	4	45	10	109	7	175
Twenty-first Louisiana	2	14	7	43	1	67
Twenty-second Louisiana	2	11	1	22	1	37
Thirty-sixth Mississippi	4	24	5	67	1	101
Thirty-seventh Mississippi	1	16	5	50	7	80
Thirty-eighth Mississippi	3	32	5	32	2	74
Forty-third Mississippi	1	24		33		58
Seventh Mississippi Battalion	3	14	2	31		50
Appeal Battery	2	2	1	4		9
Emanuel's Battery	1	6		6		13
Pointe Coupee Artillery	1	3		5		9
Ratliff's battery		3	1	12	2	18
Ridley's battery				2		2
Total	25	194	39	416	21	695
Moore's brigade:						
Twenty-seventh Alabama		16	2	36		54
Fortieth Alabama		18		38		57
Forty-second Alabama	1	7	1	18		27
Thirty-fifth Mississippi	3	17	4	78		102
Fortieth Mississippi	1	11	5	38		50
Second Texas	3	36	5	60		104
Sengstack's battery		4	1	6		11
Tobin's battery		1	1	11		13
Pioneer Company		3		4		7
Total	8	113	20	284		425
Grand total ¹	33	307	59	700	21	1,120

¹In his report General Forney states the loss of the division: Killed, 275; wounded, 865; total, 1,140.

Officers reported killed:

Hébert's brigade—Staff: Col. Charles H. Herrick; Third Louisiana, Capts. J. E. Johnston and John Kinney, Lieut. A. S. Randolph; Twenty-first Louisiana, Capt. J. Ryan, Lieut. G. H. Mann; Twenty-second Louisiana, Capt. F. Gomez, Lieut. R. E. Lehman; Thirty-sixth Mississippi, Maj. Alexander Yates, Capt. J. S. Tatom (Capt. T. J. Chrisman and Lieut. A. T. Murrell died of wounds); Thirty-seventh Mississippi, Lieut. J. F. H. Trussell; Thirty-eighth Mississippi, Capt. L. M. Graves, Lieut. H. Lanehart (Capt. W. A. Selph died of wounds); Forty-third Mississippi, Lieut. M. D. L. Hodo; Seventh Mississippi Battalion, Capt. S. C. Pearson, Lieut. J. C. C. Welborn (Capt. W. T. Baylis died of wounds); Appeal Battery, Capt. W. N. Hogg, Lieut. R. S. Walker; Emanuel's battery, Capt. T. K. Emanuel; Pointe Coupee Artillery, Lieut. O. D'Antigue.

Moore's brigade—Forty-second Alabama, Lieut. Capers W. Bodie; Thirty-fifth Mississippi, Capts. S. R. Coopwood and H. M. Walsh, Lieut. G. Moody; Fortieth Mississippi, Maj. R. B. Campbell; Second Texas, Capt. A. F. Gammell, Lieut. Robert S. Henry (Lieut. William F. Kirk died of wounds).

Smith's division.—Maj. Gen. M. L. SMITH.

Baldwin's brigade, Brig. Gen. W. E. Baldwin: Seventeenth Louisiana, Col. Robert Richardson; Thirty-first Louisiana, Lieut. Col. James W. Draughon; Fourth Mississippi, Capt. James P. Nelson; Forty-sixth Mississippi, Col. C. W. Sears; Tennessee Battery, Capt. Thos. F. Tobin.

Vaughn's brigade, Brig. Gen. J. C. Vaughn: Sixtieth Tennessee, Capt. J. W. Bachman; Sixty-first Tennessee, Lieut. Col. James G. Rose; Sixty-second Tennessee, Col. John A. Rowan.

Shoup's brigade, Brig. Gen. Francis A. Shoup: Twenty-sixth Louisiana, Lieut. Col. William C. Crow; Twenty-seventh Louisiana, Capt. Joseph T. Hatch; Twenty-eighth (Twenty-ninth) Louisiana, Col. Allen Thomas; McNally's (Arkansas) battery, Capt. Joseph T. Hatch.

Mississippi State Troops,¹ Brig. Gen. John V. Harris: Fifth Regiment, Col. H. C. Robinson; Third Battalion, Lieut. Col. Thomas A. Burgin.

Attached: Fourteenth Mississippi Light Artillery Battalion, Maj. M. S. Ward; Mississippi Partisan Rangers, Capt. J. S. Smyth; Signal Corps, Capt. Max T. Davidson.

Baldwin's brigade, of this division, marched from its camp near Vicksburg, April 29, arriving on the battlefield at Port Gibson just before noon of May 1, where it found Bowen's forces falling back before superior numbers. The brigade made a brave but unsuccessful attempt to restore the battle, but was compelled to retire. May 4 it returned to Vicksburg, next day moved 5 miles out on the Baldwins Ferry road, and thence, May 10, to a point on the Warrenton and Halls Ferry road, 10 miles from Vicksburg. May 15 it was ordered to Mount Albans, and May 17 moved to Big Black River Bridge. The Fourth Mississippi crossed to the east side, where it was temporarily attached to Vaughn's brigade, which had been in the trenches here since May 13. The latter brigade, thus reinforced, was driven from the position by a charge of the enemy, losing heavily in prisoners. The remaining regiments of Baldwin's brigade covered the crossing of the troops from the east side of the river, both brigades falling back to Vicksburg, where the division was assigned to the line of defense north of the city and between the graveyard road and the river front, a distance of about $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles. Shoup's brigade was on the right, Baldwin's in the center, and Vaughn's on the left of the division line. May 19 the enemy vigorously assaulted the right of the division (Shoup) on the graveyard road, and on May 22 repeated the assault at that point with increased force, and assaulted at a point a half mile to the left. Both assaults were repulsed with severe loss to the assailants. Five approaches against the division line were begun by the enemy, two of which (Ewing's against the redan on the graveyard road and Lightburn's against a lunette to the left of this redan) were pushed close and mines from them run under the ditch and parapet. Countermine were opposed to these mines, considerably delaying the enemy's progress. At the redan a countermine was fired the night of June 26, destroying the enemy's sap roller and damaging his approach. Two organizations of Mississippi State troops, the Fifth Regiment and Third Battalion, not mustered into the Confederate service, but subject to the orders of General Pemberton and by him placed under the command of General Vaughn, are enumerated with the division and rendered efficient service during the siege. No losses during the siege for Vaughn's brigade, Baldwin's brigade, or the Mississippi State troops are shown in the casualty tables. From the official reports of commanding officers it appears that Vaughn lost 8 killed and 22 wounded from May 30 to the end of the defense; that Lieut.

¹ Under Vaughn's command.

Col. Madison Rogers, Seventeenth Louisiana (Baldwin's brigade), was killed May 20, and is not reported in official list "Officers reported killed;" that Baldwin had 2 killed and 5 wounded June 20; that 3 were killed and 28 wounded in the Mississippi State troops, and that 3 were wounded in the Fourteenth Mississippi Light Artillery Battalion (attached) on dates given.

Casualties, Port Gibson, May 1, 1863.

Command.	Killed.	Wounded.	Missing.	Total.
Baldwin's (First) brigade.....	12	48	27	87

Return of casualties in Shoup's brigade during the siege of Vicksburg.

[Compiled from nominal lists of casualties, returns, etc.]

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Brigade staff.....	2	3	2	.....	7
Twenty-sixth Louisiana.....	4	24	2	42	72
Twenty-seventh Louisiana.....	3	55	4	92	154
Twenty-eighth (Twenty-ninth) Louisiana.....	3	13	3	54	73
Total.....	12	95	11	188	306

Officers reported killed:

Baldwin's brigade—Seventeenth Louisiana, Lieut. Col. Madison Rogers; Thirty-first Louisiana, Col. S. H. Griffin; Fourth Mississippi, Capt. William H. Adaire.

Vaughn's brigade: No report.

Shoup's brigade—Staff, Capts. Louis Florence and J. F. Spencer; Twenty-sixth Louisiana, Maj. W. W. Martin, Capt. Felix Winder, Lieuts. M. Arnaux and Peter Ferrier; Twenty-seventh Louisiana, Lieut. Col. L. L. McLaurin, Lieut. George Harris (Col. L. D. Marks, mortally wounded); Twenty-eighth (Twenty-ninth) Louisiana, Capt. F. Newman, Lieuts. B. F. Millett and J. G. Sims.

Bowen's division.—Maj. Gen. JOHN S. BOWEN.

First (Missouri) Brigade, Col. Francis M. Cockrell: First Missouri,¹ Col. A. C. Riley; Second Missouri, Maj. Thomas M. Carter; Third Missouri, Maj. J. K. McDowell; Fifth Missouri, Col. James McCown; Sixth Missouri, Maj. S. Cooper; Guibor's (Missouri) battery, Lieut. Cornelius Heffernan; Landis' (Missouri) battery, Lieut. John M. Langan; Wade's (Missouri) battery, Lieut. R. C. Walsh.

Second Brigade, Col. T. P. Dockery: Fifteenth Arkansas, Capt. Caleb Davis; Nineteenth Arkansas, Capt. James K. Norwood; Twentieth Arkansas, Col. D. W. Jones; Twenty-first Arkansas, Capt. A. Tyler; First Arkansas Cavalry Battalion, Capt. John J. Clark; Twelfth Arkansas Battalion (Sharpshooters), Lieut. John S. Bell; First Missouri Cavalry, Maj. William C. Parker; Third Missouri Cavalry, Capt. Felix Lot-speich; Third Missouri Battery, Capt. William E. Dawson; Lowe's (Missouri) battery, Lieut. Thomas B. Catron.

One infantry regiment and two batteries of this division were engaged in the defense of Grand Gulf at the bombardment, April 29. The loss here, not covered by casualty tables, was 3 killed and 18 wounded, Col. William Wade, division chief of artillery, being among

¹ Including the Fourth Missouri by consolidation.

the killed. Green's (Second) brigade was in position on the Rodney road near Port Gibson, and received the first fire from the advancing enemy at about 12.30 a. m. May 1. At daybreak the attack was renewed, flanking the brigade and compelling it to fall back with the loss of 2 pieces of artillery. Later three regiments and two batteries of Cockrell's (First) brigade joined in the battle, but the attack of the enemy in superior force, though stubbornly resisted, compelled Bowen, just before dark, to retire from the field with loss of 4 guns of the Botetourt (Virginia) Artillery and a number of prisoners. The division was at Bovina May 7, and on the 11th moved toward Edwards Depot. On the night of May 15 it bivouacked near Bakers Creek, and early in the morning of the 16th held the center in the line of battle at Champions Hill as first formed on the cross-road between the Clinton and Raymond roads. About 2 o'clock the division made a gallant charge, recaptured 4 guns of Waddell's battery, and seemed for a time to restore the broken fortune of the day. On retiring from the field, at about 4 o'clock p. m., the division took position on the left bank of Bakers Creek for the purpose of covering the crossing of Loring's division. That command, however, did not cross, and Bowen moved to Big Black River Bridge, where, on the 17th, the division occupied the rifle pits north of the railroad, Cockrell's brigade on the right and Green's brigade on the left. About 8 a. m. the enemy made a determined charge, capturing a considerable part of Green's brigade and driving the remainder of the division in some confusion and with loss to the west side of the river. Upon reaching the Vicksburg intrenchments the division was at first placed in reserve. During the assault, May 19, Cockrell's brigade rendered material assistance to the brigades of Shoup and Hébert on the graveyard road. May 22, Green's brigade assisted Moore's brigade in repelling the assaults on its front, while Cockrell again gallantly aided in repulsing the attacks at the graveyard road. June 2, Green's brigade was placed in the line of defense south of the graveyard road, connecting with Hébert's brigade of Forney's division on the right and with Shoup's brigade of Smith's division on the left, where it remained to the close of the defense. June 27 General Green was killed while on duty in the trenches and Colonel Dockery, Nineteenth Arkansas, assumed command of the Second Brigade. Cockrell's brigade continued to act as reserve, assisting in repulsing the assault at the Third Louisiana redan, June 25, and lending aid whenever and wherever called for.

CASUALTIES.

Port Gibson, May 1, 1863.

Command.	Killed.	Wounded.	Missing.	Aggregate.	Remarks.
Cockrell's (First) brigade	13	97	96	206	Cockrell's report.
Green's (Second) brigade: ¹					M. E. Green's report.
Twenty-first Arkansas	4	11	22	37	
Twelfth Battalion Sharpshooters	1	3	17	21	
Fifteenth Arkansas Infantry	8	37	37	82	
Total Green's brigade	13	51	76	140	
Total Bowen's division	26	148	172	346	

¹ In the casualty tables (pages 668 and 674, Vol. 24, Part 1, O. R.) the stated loss of Green's brigade included that of the Sixth Missouri, which is also included in the stated loss of Cockrell's brigade. The error is corrected in the above table.

Officers reported killed: Capt. R. G. Stokely, Fifth Missouri Infantry; Capt. Griff Bayne, Twelfth Arkansas Battalion (mortally wounded).

Champions Hill, May 16, 1863.

Command.	Killed.			Wounded.			Missing.			Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.	
Cockrell's (First) brigade: ¹										
First Missouri			29			94			52	175
Second Missouri			10			35			38	83
Third Missouri			13			63			44	120
Fifth Missouri			4			49			37	90
Sixth Missouri			5			49			67	121
Wade battery						2			2	4
Landis's battery			4			1				5
Guibor's battery									2	2
Total Cockrell's brigade			65			233			242	600
Green's (Second) brigade ²			66			137			65	268
Total Bowen's division ³	16	115	131	64	366	430	7	300	307	868

¹ Cockrell's report, dated August 1, 1863.

² By deducting the First Brigade loss as reported by Cockrell from the division loss as reported by Colonel Gates.

³ Col. Elisha Gates's report, dated August 15, 1863.

Officers reported killed:

Cockrell's brigade: First Missouri Infantry, Capts. W. C. P. Carrington and Norval Spangler, Lieut. T. J. Dobyns (Lieut. R. S. Rankin mortally wounded); Third Missouri Infantry, Capt. William P. McIlvane (Lieut. Col. F. L. Hubbell mortally wounded); Fifth Missouri Infantry, Capt. H. G. McKinney.

Green's brigade: Nineteenth Arkansas Infantry, Lieut. Col. William H. Dismukes (mortally wounded); Twentieth Arkansas Infantry, Lieut. Col. H. G. Robertson.

Big Black River Bridge, May 17, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Bowen's division ¹	1	2		9	105	907	1,024

¹ Pemberton's report (p. 320, Part 1, Vol. 24, O. R.)

Defense of Vicksburg, May 18 to July 4, 1863.

Command.	Killed.			Wounded.			Missing.			Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.	
Cockrell's (First) brigade ¹										
First Missouri.....			18			70				88
Second Missouri.....			17			89				106
Third Missouri.....			18			83				101
Fifth Missouri.....			20			52				72
Sixth Missouri.....			33			133				166
Landis' battery.....			4			6				10
Wade Battery.....			2			9				11
Guibor's battery.....			1			4				5
Total Cockrell's brigade.....			113			446				559
Green's (Dockery's) brigade ²			77			58			74	209
Total Bowen's division ³	24	166	190	35	469	504		74	74	768

¹ Cockrell's report.² By deducting the First Brigade loss, as reported by Cockrell, from the division loss as reported by Col. E. Gates.³ Report of Col. Elisha Gates, dated Aug. 15, 1863, (p. 120, part 2, vol. 24, O. R.).

Officers reported killed:

Cockrell's brigade—Second Missouri, Lieut. Col. P. S. Senteny; Sixth Missouri, Col. Eugene Irwin, Lieut's John T. Crenshaw and John Roseberry.

Dockery's (Green's) brigade—Brig. Gen. Martin E. Green.

*River batteries.*¹—Col. ED. HIGGINS.

First Louisiana Artillery,² Lieut. Col. D. Beltzhoover; Eighth Louisiana Heavy Artillery Battalion,³ Maj. F. N. Ogden; Twenty-second Louisiana,⁴ Capt. Samuel Jones; First Tennessee Heavy Artillery,⁵ Col. A. Jackson, jr.; Tennessee Battery, Capt. J. B. Caruthers; Tennessee Battery, Capt. T. N. Johnston; Tennessee Battery, Capt. J. P. Lynch; Vaiden (Mississippi) Battery, Capt. S. C. Bains.

This was, during the defense, an independent command, and Colonel Higgins reported to and received orders from General Pemberton direct. It was charged with the defense of the river front. Its line of batteries for that purpose extended from the mouth of Mint Spring Bayou on the north to the redoubt on the west side of the Warrenton road, at which the right of the exterior line of defense ended. Colonel Higgins enumerates the guns on his line at the beginning of the defense as follows: Eight 10-inch columbiads, one 9-inch Dahlgren, one 8-inch columbiad, one 7.44-inch Blakely, one 7-inch Brooks, one 6.4-inch Brooks, three smoothbore 42-pounders, two smoothbore 32-pounders, eight banded and unbanded 32-pounder rifles, one 18-pounder rifle, one 20-pounder Parrott, one Whitworth, one 10-inch mortar, one

¹ The troops in this command paroled as of Moore's brigade.² Bond's, Bruce's, Butler's, Capers', Grayson's, Haynes', Lamon's, and Robertson's companies.³ Barrow's, Grandpre's, and McCrory's companies.⁴ P. A. Gomez', Mark's, Marlott's, and Theard's companies.⁵ Dismukes', Neyland's, Norman's, and Parks' companies; Caruthers', Johnston's, and Lynch's companies attached.

8-inch siege howitzer, making in all 31 pieces of heavy artillery, besides 13 pieces of light artillery, which were in position to prevent a landing of the enemy on the city front. These batteries were divided into three commands, as follows: The upper batteries, from Fort Hill to Glass bayou, were worked by the First Tennessee Artillery, under Col. Andrew Jackson, jr. The center batteries, or those immediately on the city front, were under charge of Maj. F. N. Ogden, Eighth Louisiana Artillery Battalion, to whose command was attached Capt. S. C. Bains' company of Vaiden Light Artillery. The lower batteries were in charge of the First Louisiana Artillery, under Lieut. Col. D. Beltzhoover. A portion of the Twenty-third (Twenty-second) Louisiana Volunteers was joined to Lieut. Col. Beltzhoover's command. The evening of May 19 the enemy opened fire upon the upper 4-gun water battery, commanded by Maj. F. W. Hoadley, First Tennessee Artillery, and rendered it temporarily untenable. During the night traverses were erected, affording protection to the men at the guns. The enemy also, on May 19, opened a heavy fire from three ironclads on Capt. W. C. Capers' 10-inch columbiad at the left of the line.

At daylight on the morning of the 20th the enemy opened fire upon the city and batteries with seven mortars placed under the bank of the river on the Louisiana shore. Three of his ironclads also shelled the lower batteries at long range. May 22, at 9 a. m., four ironclads and one wooden gunboat engaged the lower batteries and were repulsed after an engagement of one and one-half hours. May 23, 11 of the light pieces on the river front were ordered to the rear line of defense, and were there served during the remainder of the defense by detachments from the command. From May 24 to May 26 the 8-inch siege howitzer, one smoothbore 32-pounder, the 20-pounder Parrott, and the Whitworth gun were removed to the rear line of defense, with the detachments serving them. May 27 the enemy's gunboat *Cincinnati* attacked the upper batteries and was sunk after an action of thirty minutes. May 28 the 18-pounder rifled gun was sent to the rear line of defense in charge of Capt. L. B. Haynes's company (E), First Louisiana Artillery. June 1 a large fire broke out in the city, close upon the magazine of the Whig office battery, which was at one time in great danger. The ammunition was moved to a more secure position. From June 2 to 8 two of the field pieces were turned over to Gen. M. L. Smith to be placed in the rear line of defense. June 12 the 10-inch mortar was ordered placed in General Forney's line of defense. It was manned by a detachment from Company G, First Louisiana Artillery, under Lieut. C. A. Conrad. June 21 the enemy mounted a 100-pounder Parrott on the Louisiana shore under the bank of the river, at a point about five hundred yards above the mortar boats. It opened upon the city during the evening, doing much damage. June 22 to 27 firing from the enemy's guns on the Louisiana shore was kept up with great vigor. The guns of the command replied with delibera-

tion, but in consequence of the timber masking the batteries it was difficult to arrive at satisfactory results. June 29 or 30 the mortar was brought from the rear and remounted in its old position in the redoubt on the extreme left of the line, where it was successfully used in driving off sharpshooters. In addition to the other guns on the Louisiana shore, the enemy opened two small Parrott guns close to the bank in front of the city. July 2 and 3 heavy firing from all points. At 4 p. m. on the 3d the command opened fire all along its line, and at 5 p. m. the last gun was fired by the river batteries in defense of Vicksburg. Colonel Higgins makes no exact statement of the loss of the command in killed and wounded during the defense, but reports: "It will probably not amount to more than 30." Among the killed was Maj. F. W. Hoadley, First Tennessee Heavy Artillery, who commanded the upper water battery.

Miscellaneous. Fifty-fourth Alabama (detachment), Lieut. Joel P. Abney; City Guards, Capt. E. B. Martin; Signal Corps, Capt. C. A. King.

The detachment of the Fifty-fourth Alabama, by order of General Pemberton dated April 15, 1863, was assigned to Buford's brigade, Loring's division. It seems to have fallen back into Vicksburg after the battle of Champions Hill, May 16. The official records make no reference, during the defense, aside from the enumeration, to the City Guards and the Signal Corps.

Summary of the casualties in the Confederate forces during the siege of Vicksburg.

[Compiled from the reports, and incomplete.]

Command.	Killed.			Wounded.			Missing. *			Aggregate.	Remarks.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.		
Stevenson's division:											
Barton's brigade		6	6		20	20		5	5	31	Stevenson's report. ¹
Cumming's brigade	1	21	22	4	70	74				96	
Lee's brigade	3	67	70	10	137	147	1	6	7	224	
A. W. Reynolds's brigade.	4	10	14		25	25	1	13	14	53	
Waddell's battery		9	9	2	28	30				39	
Texas Legion	10	37	47	37	153	190	1	7	8	245	Waul's report.
Total	18	150	168	53	433	486	3	31	34	688	
Forney's division:											
Hébert's brigade	25	194	219	39	416	455		21	21	695	Nominal list. Do.
Moore's brigade	8	113	121	20	284	304				425	
Total	33	307	340	59	700	759		21	21	1,120	
Smith's division:											
Baldwin's brigade											Not reported. Do. Shoup's report.
Vaughn's brigade											
Shoup's brigade	12	95	107	11	188	199				306	
Total	12	95	107	11	188	199				306	
Bowen's division:											
Cockrell's brigade			113			446				559	Cockrell's report.
Dockery's brigade											Not reported.
Total	24	166	190	35	459	494		74	74	758	Pemberton's report.
Grand total			805			1,938			129	2,872	

¹ Covering May 19 to June 13.

Consolidated statement of prisoners of war captured and paroled, and of prisoners of war captured and sent North, by the Army of the Tennessee, at the surrender of Vicksburg, Maj. Gen. U. S. Grant, commanding.

Command.	Lieutenant-generals.	Major-generals.	Brigadier-generals.	Colonels.	Lieutenant-colonels.	Majors.	Captains.	First lieutenants.	Second lieutenants.	Third lieutenants.	Chaplains.	Volunteer aids.	Cadets.
Generals and staff.....	1	4	10	8	6	43	49	49	10	1	.....	13	1
Lieutenant-General Pemberton's escort.....					1	.....	1	2	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Major-General Stevenson's division:													
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. S. M. Barton.....				3	2	3	39	37	39	25	2	.....	.....
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. S. D. Lee.....				4	3	4	47	43	50	25	.....	.....	.....
Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. Alfred Cumming.....				3	1	2	41	35	33	17	.....	.....	.....
Fourth Brigade, Brig. Gen. A. W. Reynolds.....				4	3	3	36	40	41	33	.....	.....	.....
Waul's legion, Signal Corps, and escort company.....							8	9	9	6	.....	.....	.....
Major-General Forney's division:													
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Louis Hébert.....				4	2	4	44	48	44	21	.....	.....	.....
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. J. C. Moore.....				8	7	4	80	95	74	36	1	.....	.....
Major-General Bowen's division:													
First Brigade, Col. F. M. Cockrell.....				3	2	4	27	38	36	13	.....	.....	.....
Second Brigade, Col. T. P. Dockery.....				2	1	1	28	25	19	2	.....	.....	.....
Major-General Smith's division:													
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. W. E. Baldwin.....				2	3	3	40	34	33	22	.....	.....	.....
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. J. C. Vaughn.....				3	2	5	33	30	33	19	.....	.....	.....
Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. F. A. Shoup.....				1	2	2	36	24	28	14	.....	.....	.....
Officers and men detached from their commands.....				1	2	4	50	33	31	8	.....	.....	.....
Officers and men who refused to take paroles (sent North).....								1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Officers and men paroled in hospitals.....				3	.....	5	29	63	32	2	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	1	4	10	49	37	87	588	606	513	244	3	13	1

Command.	Noncommissioned staff.	First sergeants.	Sergeants.	Corporals.	Artificers.	Musicians.	Privates.	Sutlers.	Citizen employees.	Total.			
										Commissioned.	Citizen employees.	Enlisted.	Aggregate.
Generals and staff.....	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	194	.....	5	199
Lieutenant-General Pemberton's escort.....	.....	.....	5	2	.....	.....	54	.....	.....	6	.....	61	67
Major-General Stevenson's division:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. S. M. Barton.....	14	23	132	99	.....	1,681	3	.....	.....	150	.....	1,952	2,102
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. S. D. Lee.....	16	32	143	128	.....	1,952	.....	.....	.....	176	.....	2,271	2,447
Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. Alfred Cumming.....	10	10	103	84	.....	1,427	.....	.....	.....	152	.....	1,634	1,766
Fourth Brigade, Brig. Gen. A. W. Reynolds.....	10	33	148	140	.....	1,602	.....	.....	.....	160	.....	1,933	2,093
Waul's Legion, Signal Corps, and escort company.....	3	4	38	32	.....	477	.....	.....	.....	32	.....	554	586
Major-General Forney's division:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. Louis Hébert.....	21	37	182	167	.....	1,611	1	.....	.....	167	.....	2,019	2,186
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. J. C. Moore.....	32	50	280	283	14	16	3,388	.....	.....	305	.....	4,063	4,368
Major-General Bowen's division:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
First Brigade, Col. F. M. Cockrell.....	14	2	123	77	.....	1,199	.....	.....	.....	123	.....	1,415	1,538
Second Brigade, Col. T. P. Dockery.....	23	5	78	60	.....	877	.....	.....	.....	78	.....	1,043	1,121

Consolidated statement of prisoners of war captured and paroled, and of prisoners of war captured and sent North, by the Army of the Tennessee, at the surrender of Vicksburg, Maj. Gen. U. S. Grant, commanding—Continued.

Commanding.											Total.		
	Noncommissioned staff.	First sergeants.	Sergeants.	Corporals.	Artificers.	Musicians.	Privates.	Sutlers.	Citizen employees.	Commissioned.	Citizen employees.	Enlisted.	Aggregate.
Major-General Smith's division:													
First Brigade, Brig. Gen. W. E. Baldwin	11	18	115	117	.....		1,336	.....		137	.....	1,597	1,734
Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. J. C. Vaughn	15	10	119	91	.....		1,216	.....		125	.....	1,451	1,576
Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. F. A. Shoup	8	14	95	81	.....		1,170	.....		97	.....	1,368	1,465
Officers and men detached from their command	26	8	73	80	.....		1,483	1	96	129	96	1,671	1,896
Officers and men who refused to take paroles (sent North)	3	.....	15	15	.....		675	.....		1	.....	708	709
Officers and men paroled in hospitals	23	6	207	165	.....		3,084	19		134	19	3,485	3,638
Total	231	252	1,858	1,621	14	16	23,233	5	115	2,166	115	27,230	29,491

Abstract from morning report of sick and wounded of the Confederate Army at Vicksburg, July 4, 1863.

Hospital.	Returned to duty.			Sent to general hospital.			Remaining under treatment.					
	Officers sick.	Men.		Officers sick.	Men.		Officers.			Men.		
		Wounded.	Sick.		Wounded.	Sick.	Wounded.	Sick.	Aggregate.	Wounded.	Sick.	Aggregate.
Stevenson's division	.....	.....	50	1	1	4	37	115	152	315	1,379	1,694
Forney's division	5	.....	20	1	.....	2	9	48	57	119	383	502
Smith's division	3	1	16	.....	.....	.....	17	47	64	270	943	1,213
Bowen's division	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	13	12	25	182	351	513
General hospital	.....	2	16	.....	.....	.....	58	26	84	1,093	481	1,574
Total	8	3	109	2	1	6	134	248	382	1,979	3,517	5,496

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

Major MEMMINGER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

E. H. BRYAN, *Medical Director.*

Report of field and siege guns on rear line of defense, Vicksburg.

Command.	Guns.										
	6-pounder, bronze.	12-pounder, bronze.	12-pounder siege, iron.	18-pounder, bronze.	24-pounder siege, iron.	32-pounder.	12-pounder, James, rifle.	2.71 rifle, Whitworth.	8-inch rifle.	3.30-inch rifle.	3.7-inch rifle.
General Lee	6										
General Cumming	2	3	1	1					1		1
Colonel Reynolds	6		1						1		
General Barton	8				1					2	
Total Stevenson's division	22	3	2	1	1				2	2	1
General Hébert	2								3		
General Green	1										
General Moore	5	3		3			1	1	8		
Total Forney's division	8	3		3			1	1	6		
General Baldwin	5					1			1		
General Vaughn	5	2			1				1		
General Shoup		1							1		
Total Smith's division	10	3			1	1			3		
Grand total	40	9	2	4	2	1	1	1	11	2	1

Command.	Guns.				Howitzers.			Total pieces.	Officers.	Noncommissioned officers and privates.
	20-pounder Parrott.	30-pounder Parrott.	32-pounder, rifle.	3.2-inch rifle.	12-pounder, bronze.	24-pounder, bronze.	8-inch siege, iron.			
General Lee		1	1		3	1		12	5	132
General Cumming					2	1		12	6	123
Colonel Reynolds					2			10	6	123
General Barton					2		1	14	9	252
Total Stevenson's division		1	1		9	2	1	48	25	635
General Hébert				1	2			8	5	84
General Green	1							2	1	21
General Moore		1				3		20	14	176
Total Forney's division	1	1		1	2	3		30	20	280
General Baldwin					2	1		10	7	97
General Vaughn					1			10	7	102
General Shoup					1	1		4	2	44
Total Smith's division					4	2		24	16	243
Grand total	1	2	1	1	15	7	1	102	61	1,158

June 18, 1863.

W. T. WITHERS,
Colonel and Chief of Light Artillery, Army of Vicksburg.

Report of Lieut. Col. D. Beltzhoover, First Louisiana Artillery.

DEMOPOLIS, ALA., August 29, 1863.

SIR: As near as I can ascertain, the heavy guns lost at Vicksburg were as follows:

Localities.	10-inch columbiads.	9-inch navy.	8-inch columbiad.	10-inch mortar.	42-pounders.	32-pounder rifles.	32-pounder smooth-bores.	Brooks's. ¹	Blakely's. ²	6-pounder field guns.	Aggregate.
Lower garrison.....	3	1	.....	1	2	1	3	1	1	.....	13
City front.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2	5
Upper garrison.....	3	.....	1	.....	1	4	1	1	.....	.....	11
Total.....	8	1	1	1	3	5	5	2	1	2	29

¹ Both burst and were entirely unserviceable.

² Burst at muzzle, but was cut off and used afterwards.

D. BELTZHOOVER,
Lieutenant-Colonel, First Louisiana Artillery.

R. R. HUTCHINSON,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

JOHNSTON'S ARMY.

Gen. JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON.

This army was assembled with the hope that its commander might be able to raise the siege of Vicksburg. Its headquarters were established at Jackson, but General Johnston was at Canton much of the time and occasionally at other points. July 1 the army was being concentrated along the line of the Big Black River. July 3, General Johnston was near Birdsong Ferry and wrote General Pemberton that he hoped to attack about July '7 and that Pemberton's cooperation would be necessary. On learning of the surrender of Vicksburg, General Johnston withdrew the army to Jackson. The organization of this army as here given is obtained from the abstract of return dated June 25, 1863, which is given below. The names of the commanding officers, except as to Loring's division, are taken from the Organization of the Army of the Department of Mississippi and East Louisiana, dated July 30, 1863.

6353—01—5

Abstract from return of the army in Mississippi under the immediate command of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, C. S. army, for June 25, 1863; headquarters, Jackson, Miss.

Command.	Present for duty.		Effective total.	Aggregate present.	Aggregate present and absent.	Remarks.
	Officers.	Men.				
Breckinridge's division	493	5,614	5,504	6,884	9,688	D. W. Adams's, Helm's, and Stovall's brigades.
French's division.....	620	5,878	5,783	7,466	10,559	Evans's, McNair's, and Maxey's brigades.
Loring's division.....	575	5,876	5,794	7,427	13,375	John Adams's, Buford's, and Featherston's brigades.
Walker's division.....	604	7,445	7,344	9,571	13,452	Ector's, Gist's, Gregg's, and Wilson's brigades.
Jackson's cavalry division.	309	3,297	3,281	4,373	6,792	Cosby's and Whitfield's brigades.
Camp of direction a....	41	154	154	247	457	
Reserve artillery a.....	15	805	294	847	424	
Total	2,657	28,569	28,154	36,315	54,747	

a Composition of this force is not given.

Breckinridge's division.—Maj. Gen. JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE.

D. W. Adams' brigade, Col. R. L. Gibson: Thirty-second Alabama, Maj. James E. Austin; Thirteenth and Twentieth Louisiana, Capt. E. M. Dubroca; Sixteenth and Twenty-fifth Louisiana, Col. D. Gober; Nineteenth Louisiana, Maj. L. Butler; Fourteenth Louisiana Battalion Sharpshooters, Maj. James E. Austin.

Kentucky brigade, Brig. Gen. Ben H. Helm: Forty-first Alabama, Col. M. L. Stansel; Second Kentucky, Lieut. Col. James W. Hewitt; Fourth Kentucky, Lieut. Col. John A. Adair; Sixth Kentucky, Lieut. Col. M. H. Cofer; Ninth Kentucky, Col. J. W. Caldwell.

Stovall's brigade, Brig. Gen. M. A. Stovall: First and Third Florida, Col. W. S. Dilworth; Fourth Florida, Col. W. L. L. Bowen; Forty-seventh Georgia, Maj. J. S. Cone; Sixtieth North Carolina, Lieut. Col. James M. Ray.

Artillery, Maj. Rice E. Graves: Johnston's (Tennessee) artillery, Capt. J. W. Mebane; Kentucky Battery, Capt. Robert Cobb; Washington (Louisiana) Artillery, Fifth Company, Capt. C. H. Slocomb.

This division arrived at Jackson June 1, from the Department of Tennessee. July 4 its headquarters were near Bolton.

French's division.—Maj. Gen. S. G. FRENCH.

McNair's brigade, Brig. Gen. E. McNair: First Arkansas Mounted Rifles, Col. R. W. Harper;¹ Second Arkansas Mounted Rifles, Col. J. S. Williamson;¹ Fourth Arkansas, Col. H. G. Bunn; Twenty-fifth and Thirty-first Arkansas, Col. T. H. McCray; Thirtyninth North Carolina, Col. D. Coleman.

Maxey's brigade, Brig. Gen. S. B. Maxey: Fourth Louisiana, Col. S. E. Hunter; Thirtieth Louisiana, Lieut. Col. Thomas Shields; Forty-second Tennessee, Lieut. Col. Isaac N. Hulme; Forty-sixth and Fifty-fifth Tennessee, Lieut. Col. G. B. Black; Forty-eighth Tennessee, Col. W. M. Voorhies; Forty-ninth Tennessee, Lieut. Col. W. A. Shaw; Fifty-third Tennessee, Lieut. Col. John R. White; First Texas Battalion, Sharpshooters, Maj. James Burnet.

Evans's brigade, Brig. Gen. N. G. Evans: Seventeenth South Carolina, Col. F. W. McMaster; Eighteenth South Carolina, Col. W. H. Wallace; Twenty-second South Carolina, Lieut. Col. J. O'Connell; Twenty-third South Carolina, Col. H. L. Benbow;

¹ Dismounted.

Twenty-sixth South Carolina, Col. A. D. Smith; Holcombe Legion, Lieut. Col. W. J. Crawley.

Artillery: Louisiana Battery, Capt. C. E. Fenner; McBeth (South Carolina) Artillery, Lieut. B. A. Jeter; South Carolina Battery, Capt. J. F. Culpeper.

This division was organized and General French assigned to command by order of General Johnston dated June 21. McNair's brigade was ordered from Shelbyville, Tenn., (where it formed part of Stewart's—McCown's—division, Polk's corps) May 9, was at Canton May 26, and at Yazoo City June 10. Maxey's brigade was ordered from Port Hudson May 4 by General Pemberton. It was at Brookhaven May 12 and at Jackson May 30. Evans's brigade was ordered from the Department of South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida. It was at Jackson May 30.

Loring's division.—Maj. Gen. WILLIAM W. LORING.

*First Brigade,*¹ Brig. Gen. Lloyd Tilghman, Col. A. E. Reynolds, Brig. Gen. John Adams: First Confederate Battalion, Lieut. Col. G. H. Forney; Sixth Mississippi, Col. Robert Lowry; Fifteenth Mississippi, Lieut. Col. J. R. Binford, Col. M. Farrell; Twentieth Mississippi, Col. D. R. Russell, Lieut. Col. William N. Brown, Maj. W. A. Rorer; Twenty-third Mississippi, Col. J. M. Wells, Maj. G. W. B. Garrett; Twenty-sixth Mississippi, Col. A. E. Reynolds, Lieut. Col. F. M. Boone; Cowan's (Mississippi) battery, Capt. J. J. Cowan; McLendon's (Mississippi) battery, Capt. Jacob C. Culbertson.

Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. Winfield S. Featherston: Third Mississippi, Col. T. A. Mellon, Maj. S. M. Dyer; Twenty-second Mississippi, Lieut. Col. H. J. Reid, Col. Frank Schaller; Thirty-first Mississippi, Col. J. A. Orr, Lieut. Col. M. D. L. Stephens; Thirty-third Mississippi, Col. D. W. Hurst; First Mississippi Battalion Sharpshooters, Maj. W. A. Rayburn, Maj. J. M. Stigler; Wofford's battery, "D," First Mississippi Light Artillery, Capt. Jeff L. Wofford; Charpentier's (Alabama) battery, Capt. S. Charpentier.

Third Brigade, Brig. Gen. Abraham Buford: Twenty-seventh Alabama, Col. James Jackson; Thirty-fifth Alabama, Col. Edward Goodwin; Fifty-fourth Alabama, Col. Alpheus Baker, Maj. Thomas H. Shackelford; Fifty-fifth Alabama, Col. John Snodgrass; Ninth Arkansas, Col. Isaac L. Dunlop, Lieut. Col. J. W. Rogers; Third Kentucky, Col. A. P. Thompson, Maj. J. H. Bowman; Seventh Kentucky, Col. Ed Crossland; Eighth Kentucky, Col. H. B. Lyon, Lieut. Col. A. R. Shacklett; Twelfth Louisiana, Col. Thomas M. Scott; Third Missouri Battalion (dismounted cavalry), Lieut. Col. D. Todd Samuels; Pointe Coupee (Louisiana) Artillery, Company A, Capt. Alcide Bouanchaud; Pointe Coupee (Louisiana) Artillery, Company C, Capt. Alexander Chust; Lookout (Tennessee) Artillery, Capt. R. L. Barry.

The headquarters of this division were at Fort Pemberton April 16; at Meridian from April 23 to April 28, General Loring having been sent to that place because of Grierson's cavalry raid. May 1 General Loring was at Jackson, and was ordered to Grand Gulf to take charge of the operations there. May 4 the division was in the vicinity of the

¹ By order of General Pemberton, dated April 15, 1863, this brigade was to consist of the Twentieth, Twenty-sixth, Fourteenth, Twenty-third, Thirty-seventh, Fortieth, Sixth, and Fifteenth Mississippi regiments. The Fourteenth, however, is returned early in April as with Gen. John Adams, at Jackson, and May 26 with General Gregg at Canton. During the defense of Vicksburg the Thirty-seventh served with Hébert's and the Fortieth with Moore's brigade.

railroad bridge at Big Black River. May 5 the division headquarters were at Bovina, and it was on this day ordered, first, to B. Lanier's and later to the railway bridge and Edwards. The last order was obeyed, but next day the division returned to Bovina, leaving guards at Edwards and at the railroad bridge. May 6 the order for the division to march to B. Lanier's was renewed and obeyed. May 7 it was ordered to occupy the line between the Baldwins Ferry road and the Halls Ferry road, and May 9 was ordered to guard Baldwins Ferry, Halls Ferry, and the private ferries near them. May 11 General Loring was ordered to move two of his brigades close to Bowen's position, whose headquarters were at Bovina. May 13 the headquarters of the division were at Edwards Depot, and General Loring was ordered to make a reconnoissance and to "find out where the main force of the enemy is and in what direction moving." May 15 the division was in advance in the movement of the army from Edwards Depot, and it held the right of the line at Champions Hill May 16. The first shots of the battle were fired by the skirmishers in front of its line, but the division was not actively engaged until late in the afternoon, when it did good service in covering the retreat of the men of Bowen's and Stevenson's divisions to and across the lower ford and bridge over Bakers Creek. Deciding that his crossing could not safely be made at this ford, after a persistent effort to find a lower one and at about midnight, General Loring determined to abandon the attempt to reach Vicksburg. He accordingly marched eastward, and the evening of May 17, arrived at Crystal Springs, 25 miles south of Jackson, on the New Orleans and Jackson Railway, without artillery, wagons, or cooking utensils. May 24 the division was at Jackson, and from that date became a part of the army assembled under command of General Johnston for the relief of Vicksburg.

Casualties, Champions Hill, May 16, 1863.

Command.	Killed.			Wounded.			Missing.			Aggregate.	Remarks.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.		
Tilghman's (First) brigade:											
General officers	1		1							1	Col. A. E. Reynolds's report.
Sixth Mississippi		1	1	1	1	2	27	27	30		
Twenty-third Mississippi		1	1		1	1		5	5	7	
Twenty-sixth Mississippi		2	2	1	4	5	10	10	17		
Cowan's (Mississippi) battery					2	2				2	
Total Tilghman's brigade.	1	4	5	2	8	10		42	42	57	
Buford's (Second) brigade.	3	8	11			49				60	Gen. A. Buford's report.
Featherston's (Third) brigade.		1	1		1	1		1	1	3	Gen. W. S. Featherston's report.
Total Loring's division.	4	13	17			60			43	120	

Officers reported killed:

Tilghman's (Reynolds's) brigade—Brig. Gen. Lloyd Tilghman.

Buford's brigade—Capt. W. A. Isbell, Lieut. T. S. Taylor, Twenty-seventh Alabama; Lieut. George C. Hubbard, acting with Thirty-fifth Alabama.

Walker's Division.—Maj. Gen. W. H. T. WALKER.

Ector's Brigade, Brig. Gen. M. D. Ector: Ninth Texas, Lieut. Col. M. A. Dillard; Tenth Texas (dismounted cavalry), Lieut. Col. C. R. Earp; Fourteenth Texas (dismounted cavalry), Col. J. L. Camp; Thirty-second Texas (dismounted cavalry), Col. Julius A. Andrews; Alabama Battalion (sharpshooters), Maj. T. O. Stone; Mississippi Battalion (sharpshooters), Capt. M. Pounds; McNally's (Arkansas) Battery, Lieut. F. A. Moore.

Gregg's Brigade, Brig. Gen. John Gregg: Third Tennessee, Col. C. H. Walker; Tenth Tennessee, Col. R. W. McGavock, Lieut. Col. William Grace; Thirtieth Tennessee, Lieut. Col. James J. Turner; Forty-first Tennessee, Col. Robert Farquharson; Fiftieth Tennessee, Col. C. A. Sugg; First Tennessee Battalion, Maj. S. H. Colms; Seventh Texas, Col. H. B. Granbury; Fourteenth Mississippi, Col. G. W. Abert, Lieut. Col. W. L. Doss; Missouri Battery, Capt. H. M. Bledsoe.

Gist's Brigade, Brig. Gen. S. R. Gist: Forty-sixth Georgia, Col. Peyton H. Colquit; Eighth Georgia Battalion, Capt. Z. L. Watters; Sixteenth South Carolina, Col. James McCullough; Twenty-fourth South Carolina, Col. C. H. Stevens; South Carolina Battery, Capt. T. B. Ferguson.

Wilson's brigade, Brig. Gen. W. H. T. Walker, Col. C. C. Wilson: Twenty-fifth Georgia, Lieut. Col. A. J. Williams; Twenty-ninth Georgia, Col. William J. Young; Thirtieth Georgia, Col. Thomas W. Mangham; First Georgia Battalion (sharpshooters), Maj. Arthur Shaaff; Fourth Louisiana Battalion, Lieut. Col. J. McEnery; Martin's (Georgia) Battery, Lieut. E. P. Howell.

Escort: Independent company, Georgia cavalry, Capt. T. M. Nelson.

Ector's brigade, of this division, was ordered from Shelbyville, Tenn. (where it formed part of Stewart's division, Polk's army corps), May 9. It was at Meridian May 17, and joined the division about May 21. Gist's brigade was ordered from South Carolina, May 25, and was engaged with the enemy at Jackson, May 14. Gregg's brigade was ordered from Port Hudson, La., May 1, by General Pemberton. It fought the battle near Raymond, May 12, against greatly superior numbers and, after a stout resistance, withdrew in good order. It was also engaged at Jackson, May 14. Wilson's brigade was ordered from South Carolina, and arrived at Jackson in time to take part in the engagement, May 14, being then under command of Gen. W. H. T. Walker.

CASUALTIES.

Raymond, May 12, 1863.

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Third Tennessee	2	25	5	85	.....	70	187
Tenth Tennessee	1	7	6	31	1	6	52
Thirtieth Tennessee .....	.....	7	.....	28	.....	1	36
Forty-first Tennessee	1	1	.....	7	.....	14	23
Fiftieth Tennessee .....	.....	4	.....	7	.....	5	16
First Tennessee Battalion .....	.....	3	1	8	.....	30	42
Seventh Texas	1	21	8	65	3	60	158
Total Gregg's brigade	5	68	20	231	4	186	514

Officers killed: Third Tennessee, Capt. R. T. Cooper, Lieut. W. W. Rutledge; Tenth Tennessee, Col. R. W. McGavock (Lieut. John Ames mortally wounded); Forty-first Tennessee, Capt. Abner S. Boone; Seventh Texas, Capt. W. H. Smith (Lieuts. J. C. Kidd, J. W. Taylor, and A. H. White mortally wounded).

Jackson, May 14, 1863. (a)

Command.	Killed.		Wounded.		Missing.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Forty-sixth Georgia		4	2	20		62	88
Fourteenth Mississippi		2		3			5
Twenty-fourth South Carolina	1	10	3	35	2	54	106
Hoskins's battery				1			1
Total	1	16	5	59	2	116	199

a All of Gist's brigade, except the Fourteenth Mississippi, of Gregg's.

Officer reported killed: Lieut. A. F. Cunningham, Twenty-fourth South Carolina.

Jackson's Cavalry Division.—Brig. Gen. WILLIAM H. JACKSON.

First Brigade, Brig. Gen. George B. Cosby: First Mississippi, Col. R. A. Pinson; Fourth Mississippi, Maj. J. L. Harris; Twenty-eighth Mississippi, Col. P. B. Starke; Adams' Mississippi Regiment, Col. Wirt Adams; Ballentine's (Mississippi) Regiment, Lieut. Col. W. L. Maxwell; Seventeenth Mississippi Battalion, Maj. A. C. Steede; Clark (Missouri) Artillery, Capt. Houston King.

Second Brigade, Brig. Gen. J. W. Whitfield: Third Texas, Lieut. Col. J. S. Boggess; Sixth Texas, ¹ Maj. Jack Wharton; Ninth Texas, Col. D. W. Jones; First Texas Legion, Lieut. Col. J. H. Brooks; Bridges's Battalion, ¹ Maj. H. W. Bridges.

Escort and guards: Company A, Seventh Tennessee Cavalry, Capt. W. F. Taylor; Independent Company Louisiana Cavalry, Capt. J. Y. Webb; Provost Guard (Company D, Fourth Mississippi Cavalry), Capt. James Ruffin.

This division was ordered from the Department of Tennessee about May 26. The headquarters of the division were near Canton June 4, at Vernon June 13, June 18, June 21, and June 23.

*Reserve Artillery.*²—Maj. W. C. PRESTON.

¹ Detached under command of Col. L. S. Ross.

² Composition not indicated.

INDEX.

UNION FORCES.

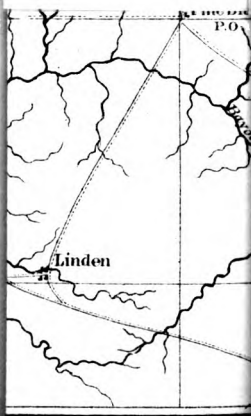
	Page.
Preface	3
Army of the Tennessee	5
Ninth Army Corps	5
First Division	5
Second Division	6
Thirteenth Army Corps	6
Ninth Division	7
Tenth Division	10
Twelfth Division	14
Fourteenth Division	16
Fifteenth Army Corps	19
First Division	20
Second Division	22
Third Division	24
Sixteenth Army Corps	27
First Division	27
Fourth Division	28
Provisional Division	29
Seventeenth Army Corps	29
Third Division	30
Sixth Division	35
Seventh Division	36
Herron's division	40
Unattached cavalry	41
District Northeast Louisiana	41
Marine Brigade	42
Porter's fleet	43
General summary of casualties	46

CONFEDERATE FORCES.

Confederate Army of Vicksburg	48
Stevenson's division	48
Forney's division	52
Smith's division	54
Bowen's division	56
River batteries	59
Miscellaneous	61
Summary casualties during siege	61
Consolidated statement prisoners of war captured	62
Abstract from morning report of sick and wounded, July 4, 1863	63
Report of field and siege guns on rear line of defense	64
Report of heavy guns lost at Vicksburg	65

	Page.
Johnston's army	65
Abstract from return of same	66
Breckenridge's division	66
French's division	66
Loring's division	67
Walker's division	69
Jackson's cavalry division	70
Reserve artillery	70

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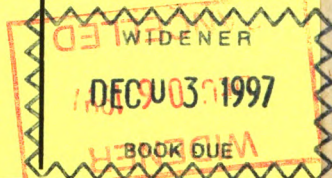
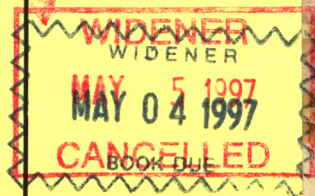
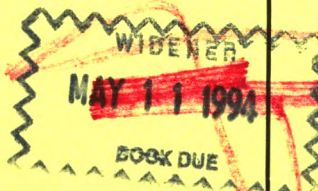




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